

ICC-ES Listing Report

ELC-4757

Issued May 2021

This listing is subject to renewal May 2022.

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A Subsidiary of the International Code Council®

CSI: DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE

Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00-METALS

Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

Product Certification System:

The ICC-ES product-certification system includes evaluating reports of tests of standard manufactured product, prepared by accredited testing laboratories and provided by the listee, to verify compliance with applicable codes and standards. The system also involves factory inspections, and assessment and surveillance of the listee's quality system.

Product: Würth WIT-PE 1000 Adhesive Anchor System in Cracked and Uncracked Concrete

Listee: ADOLF WÜRTH GmbH & CO. KG

Compliance with the following standards:

Annex D, Anchorage of CSA A23.3-14, Design of Concrete Structures, CSA Group.

Compliance with the following codes:

Würth WIT-PE 1000 Adhesive Anchor System, as described in this listing report, is in conformance with CSA A23.3-14, Annex D, as referenced in the applicable section of the following code editions:

■ National Building Code of Canada® 2015
Applicable Section: Division B, Part 4, Section 4.3.3.

Description of anchors:

The Würth WIT-PE 1000 Adhesive Anchor System is comprised of Würth WIT-PE 1000 two-component adhesive filled in cartridges, static mixing nozzles, dispensing tools, hole cleaning equipment and adhesive injection accessories, and steel anchor elements, which are continuously threaded steel rods or steel reinforcing bars (to form the Würth WIT-PE 1000 Adhesive Anchor System).

The primary components of the Würth WIT-PE 1000 Adhesive Anchor System, including the Würth WIT-PE 1000 adhesive cartridge, static mixing nozzle, dispenser, and steel anchor elements, are shown in Figures 1 and 2 of this listing report. The manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII), included with each adhesive unit package, are shown in Figure 3 of this listing report.

Hole Cleaning Equipment:

Standard Equipment: Hole cleaning equipment is comprised of steel wire brushes supplied by Adolf Würth GmbH & Co. KG, and air blowers which are shown in Figure 1 of this listing report. The Würth dust extraction system shown in Figure 1 of this report removes dust with a HEPA dust extractor during the hole drilling and cleaning operation.

Hollow Drill Bit System: The Würth hollow drill bit system shown in Figure 1 is comprised of Heller Duster Expert Hollow drill bit with carbide tips conforming to ANSI B212.15 attached to a class M vacuum that has a minimum air flow rating of 90cfm (150m³/h, 42l/s). The vacuum dust extractor system removes the drilling dust during the drilling operation, eliminating the need for additional hole cleaning.





Drilling and cleaning	Tool	Accessories and Shrouds	Vacuum
Dust extraction system for standard drilling and cleaning equipment	E E E WARM	SDS-Plus and SDS-Max Drill Bit	
9200		Capture Device CAT# 0903990010	Dust Extractor
Würth hollow drill bit system		Würth or MKT Extraction Drill Bit or Heller Duster Expert Hollow Drill Bit (SDS-Plus and SDS-Max)	
			Class M vacuum with a
			minimum air flow rating of
		I DOULING SYSTEM WITH HEDA DUST EYT	90cfm (150m³/h resp. 42l/s).

FIGURE 1—WÜRTH DUST REMOVAL DRILLING SYSTEM WITH HEPA DUST EXTRACTOR OPTIONS

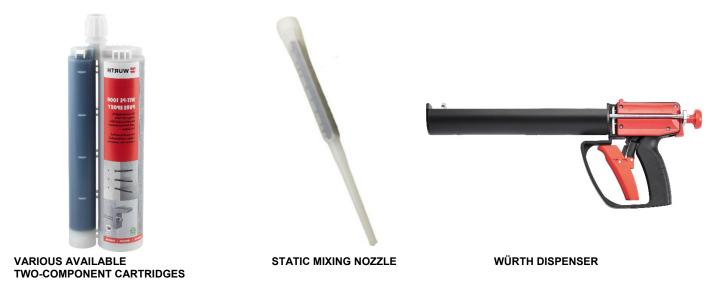


FIGURE 2— WÜRTH WIT-PE 1000 ADHESIVE ANCHOR SYSTEM

Identification:

- 1. Würth WIT-PE 1000 adhesive is identified by packaging labeled with the manufacturer's name (Adolf Würth GmbH & Co. KG) and address, anchor name, the lot number, the expiration date, and the evaluation report number (ELC-4757) and the ICC-ES listing mark. Threaded rods, nuts, washers, and deformed reinforcing bars are standard steel anchor elements and must conform to applicable national or international specifications as set forth in Tables 2 and 3 of this listing report.
- 2. The report holder's contact information is the following:

ADOLF WÜRTH GmbH & CO. KG REINHOLD-WÜRTH-STRABE 12-17 KÜNZELSAU 74653 GERMANY +49 (7940) 15 0 www.wuerth.de info@wuerth.de

Installation:

Installation parameters are illustrated in Figures 3 and 4 of this listing report. Installation must be in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 D.10 and D.10.2, as applicable. Anchor locations must comply with this listing report and the plans and specifications approved by the code official. Installation of the Würth WIT-PE 1000 Adhesive Anchor System must conform to the manufacturer's printed installation instructions included in each unit package as described in Figure 3 of this listing report.

The adhesive anchor system may be installed in downwards, horizontally and upwardly inclined orientation applications (e.g. overhead). If the bottom or back of the bore hole is not reached with the mixing nozzle, a mixer extension tube, supplied by Würth must be attached to the mixing nozzle as described in Figure 3 of this listing report. Additionally, horizontal or upwardly inclined orientation applications of all bore hole depths, and downwards applications with a bore hole depth of more than 10 inch (250 mm) are to be installed using piston plugs for the ⁵/₈-inch and M16 through 1¹/₄-inch and M30 diameter threaded steel rods, and No. 5 and ø16 through No. 10 and ø32, steel reinforcing bars, installed in the specified hole diameter, and attached to the mixing nozzle and extension tube supplied by Würth as described in Figure 3 in this listing report. For installation with the ³/₈-inch, ¹/₂-inch, M8, M10 and M12 diameter threaded steel rods, and No. 3, No. 4, Ø8, ø10 and ø12 steel reinforcing bars only, a piston plug is not required.

Installation of anchors in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations shall be fully restrained from movement throughout the specified curing period through the use of temporary wedges, external supports, or other methods. Where temporary restraint devices are used, their use shall not result in impairment of the anchor shear resistance.

Installation of anchors in horizontal or upwardly included orientations to resist sustained tension loads shall be performed by personnel certified by an applicable certification program in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 D.10.2.2 or D.10.2.3, as applicable.

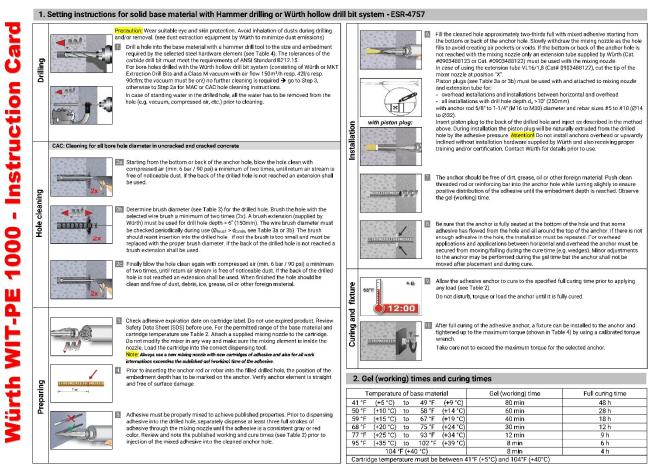


FIGURE 3—INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Würth WIT-PE 1000 - Instruction Card

1. Setting instructions for solid base material with Diamond drilling - ESR-4757

Precaution: Wear suitable eye and skin protection. Avoid inhalation of dusts during drilling and/or removal. (see dust extraction equipment by Würth to minimize dust emissions)

 In It is note into the base material with a diamond drill tool to the size and embedment required by the selected steel hardware element (see Table 4).

In case of standing water in the drilled hole, all the water has to be removed from the beloe of standing compressed all circ binds for developing. In case of standing water in the drilled hole, all the water has to be removed from the hole (e.g. vacuum, compressed air, etc.) prior to cleaning.

SPCAC: Cleaning for all bore hole diameter in uncracked concrete



Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, rinse/flush the hole clean until clean water comes out. If the back of the drilled hole is not reached an extension shall be used.



Determine brush diameter (see Table 3) for the drilled hole. Brush the hole with the selected wire brush a minimum of two times (2x), A brush extension (supplied by Würth) must be used for drill hole depth > 6' (150mm). The wire brush diameter must be checked periodically during use (0_{buth} > 6' (150mm). The wire brush diameter must be checked periodically during use (0_{buth} > 6' (150mm). The wire brush almeter see Table 3a or 3b). The brush should resist insertion into the drilled hole if not the brush is too small and must be replaced with the proper brush diameter. If the back of the drilled hole is not reached a brush extension shall be used.



Finally, starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, rinse/flush the hole clea until clean water comes out. If the back of the drilled hole is not reached an exten shall be used.



2d. Starting from the bottom or back of the anchor hole, blow the hole clean with compressed air (min. 6 bar / 90 psi) a minimum of two times, until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. If the back of the drilled hole is not reached an extension shall



Determine brush diameter (see Table 3) for the drilled hole. Brush the hole with the selected wire brush a minimum of two times (2x). A brush extension (supplied by Würth) must be used for drill hole depth >6 (°150mm). The wire brush diameter must be checked periodically during use ($60_{\rm mer} > 6_{\rm min}$), see Table 3a or 3b). The brush should resist insertion into the drilled hole in front the brush is too small and must be replaced with the proper brush diameter. If the back of the drilled hole is not reached a brush extension shall be used.



Finally blow the hole clean again with compressed air (min. 6 bar / 90 pst) a mini of two times, until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. If the back of the di hole is not reached an extension shall be used. When finished the hole should be clean and free of dust, debris, ice, grease, oil or other foreign material.



Check adhesive expiration date on cartridge label. Do not use expired product. Review Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use. For the permitted range of the base material and cartridge temperature sea Table 2. Attach a supplied mixing nozate to the cartridge. Do not modify the mixer in any way and make sure the mixing element is inside the nozzle. Load the cartridge into the correct eligenaming tool.

NOTE. Although use a new mixing nazzle with new cartridges of adhesive and also for all work internations acceedable the obsidied and revenible time of the sachetive.



4 Prior to inserting the anchor rod or rebar into the filled drilled hole, the position of the embedment depth has to be marked on the anchor. Verify anchor element is straight and free of surface damage.



Adhesive must be properly mixed to achieve published properties. Prior to dispensing adhesive into the drilled hole, separately dispense at least three full strokes of softnesses in though the mixing nozele until the edhesive is a consistent gray or red color. Review and note the published working and our eitimes (see Table 2) prior to injection of the mixed adhesive into the cleaned another hole.



Fill the cleaned hole approximately two-thirds full with mixed adhesive starting from the bottom or back of the anchor hole. Slowly withdraw the mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets or voids. If the bottom or back of the anchor hole is not reached with the mixing nozzle only an extension tube supplied by Würth (Cat. #0903488123 or Cat. #0903488122) must be used with the mixing nozzle. In case of using the extension but V.1.6/1,8 (Cat. #0903488122), cut the tip of the mixer nozzle at position "X.

Piston plugs (see Table 3a or 3b) must be used with and attached to mixing nozzle

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Piston plugs (see Table 3a or 3b) must be used with and attached to mixing nozzle and extension tube for.

• overhead installations and installations between horizontal and overhead - all installations with drill hole depth d_x > 10° (250mm) with anchor rod 5/8° to 1-1/4° (M16 to M30) diameter and rebar sizes #5 to #10 (Ø14 to Ø23).

Insert piston plug to the back of the drilled hole and inject as described in the method above. During installation the piston plug will be naturally extruded from the drilled hole by the adhesive pressure. Attention(1 on not install anchors overhead or upwardly inclined without installation that privacers supplied by Witth and also receiving proper training and/or certification. Contact Wirth for details prior to use.



with piston plug.

The anchor should be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material. Push clean threaded rod or reinforcing bar into the anchor hole while turning slightly to ensure positive distribution of the adhesive until the embedment depth is reached. Observe the gel (working) time



Be sure that the anchor is fully seated at the bottom of the hole and that some adhesive has flowed from the hole and all around the top of the anchor, if there is not enough adhesive in the hole, the installation must be repeated. For overhead applications and applications and applications between horizontal and overhead the anchor must be secured from moving/falling during the cure time (e.g. wedges). Minor adjustments to the anchor may be performed during the gel time but the anchor shall not be moved after placement and during cure.



Allow the adhesive anchor to cure to the specified full curing time prior to applying any load (see Table 2).

Do not disturb, torque or load the anchor until it is fully cured.



After full curing of the adhesive anchor, a fixture can be installed to the anchor and tightened up to the maximum torque (shown in Table 4) by using a calibrated torque wrench.

Take care not to exceed the maximum torque for the selected anchor.

3a. Parameter cleaning and setting tools (fractional sizes)

		8		n an	S					
Threaded Rod	Rebar	d₃ Drill bit - Ø	d _b Brush - ⊘						Piston plug	Cat.#
[inch]	[inch]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	Ð	(No.)	[-]	
3/8"	-	7/16	13.5	0.528	11.6	0.458	0903489512			
15	#3	1/2	14.3	0.562	13.2	0.520	0903489513	Manha		
1/2"	-	9/16	16.3	0.654	14.8	0.582	0903489515	No plug:	s required	
	#4	5/8	18.3	0.720	16.5	0.650	0903489517			
5/8"		11/16	20.0	0.787	18.0	0.709	0903489518	11/16	0903488063	
	#5	3/4	21.5	0.846	19.5	0.777	0903489519	3/4	0903488064	
3/4"	#6	7/8	24.8	0.976	23.0	0.905	0903489523	7/8	0903488062	
7/8"	#7	1	28.5	1,122	26.2	1.030	0903489526	1	0903488059	
1"	#8	1 1/8	31.8	1.252	29.5	1.160	0903489530	1 1/8	0903488052	
1-1/4"	#9	1 3/8	38.2	1.504	35.8	1.410	0903489536	1 3/8	0903488060	
- 1	#10	1 1/2	41.4	1.630	39.0	1.535	0903489539	1 1/2	0903488065	

3b. Par	ameter o	cleaning ar	nd setting tools (metric sizes)
	13	0	

				and	uudhihi	priji)		E	
Threaded Rod	Rebar	d₀ Drill bit - Ø		1, ih-Ø		.mir rush - Ø	Cat.#	Piston plug	Cat.#
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[-]	(No.)	[-]
M8	-	10	11.5	0.45	10.5	0,41	0903489510		
M10	-	12	13.5	0.53	12.5	0.41	0903489512	No plug	required
M12	10	14	15.5	0.61	14.5	0.49	0903489514	NO plug:	required
	12	16	17.5	0.69	16.5	0.57	0903489516		
M16	14	18	20	0.79	18.5	0.65	0903489518	18	0903488057
0.50	16	20	22	0.87	20.5	0.73	0903489520	20	0903488058
M20	(-)	22	24	0.94	22.5	0.81	0903489522	22	0903488062
-	20	25	27	1.06	24.5	0.89	0903489525	25	0903488059
M24	-	28	30	1.18	28.5	0.96	0903489528	28	0903488052
M27	-	30	31.8	1.25	30.5	1.12	0903489530	30	0903488066
	25	32	34	1.34	32.5	1.20	0903489532	32	0903488053
M30	28	35	37	1.46	35.5	1.28	0903489535	35	0903488060
(%-0)	32	40	43.5	1.71	40.5	1.40	0903489540	40	0903488061

4. Anchor property / Setting information (fractional and metric sizes)

manufacture property / cotton	9			(,																							
	N	lomin	al thre	aded	od (fra	ctiona	ıl)		No	minal	thread	ded ro	d (met	ric)			F	Reinforcing bar (fractional)					Reinforcing bar (metric)									
			i	nch; ft.	lb.				mm; Nm inch; ftlb.							mm; Nm																
Anchor size	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"	7/8"	1"	1-1/4"	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	2/8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 3
d _s = Nominal anchor rod diameter	0.375	0.500	0.625	0.750	0.875	1.000	1.250	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1-1/8	1-1/4	8	10	12	14	16	20	25	28	32
d _a (d _{bk}) = Nominal ANSI drill bit size	7/16	9/16	11/16	7/8	1	1-1/8	1-3/8	10	12	14	18	22	28	30	35	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1-1/8	1-3/8	1-1/2	12	14	16	18	20	25	32	35	40
arameter valid for anchors																																
T _{max} = Maximum torque	152)	30	44	66	96	147	221	10	20	40	80	120	170	250	300	152)	30	44	66	96	147	185	221	10	20	40	45	80	120	175	250	300
h _{elmb} = Minimum embedment	2-3/8	2-3/4	3-1/8	3-1/2	3-1/2	4	5	60	60	70	80	90	96	108	120	2-3/8	2-3/4	3-1/8	3-1/2	3-1/2	4	4-1/2	5	60	60	70	75	80	90	100	112	128
h _{efmax} = Maximum embedment	7-1/2	10	12-1/3	2 15	17-1/2	20	25	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600	7-1/2	10	12-1/2	15	17-1/2	20	22-1/2	25	160	200	240	280	320	400	500	560	640
s _{min} = Min. spacing	1-7/8	2-1/2	3	3-5/8	4-1/4	4-3/4	5-7/8	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150	1-7/8	2-1/2	3	3-5/8	4-1/4	4-3/4	5-1/4	5-7/8	40	50	60	70	80	100	125	140	160
c _{min} = Min. edge distance (100% T _{ngs})	1-5/8	1-3/4	2	2-3/8	2-1/2	2-3/4	3-1/4	35	40	45	55	60	70	75	80	1-5/8	1-3/4	2	2-3/8	2-1/2	2-3/4	3	3-1/4	35	40	45	50	55	60	70	75	85
c _{min} = Min. edge distance (45% T _{max} 1)		-		1	.75		2.75		-			4	5		70				1.	75		2.	75		-			- /	5		7	0
h _{mb} = Minimum member thickness	h _{ef} +	1-1/4		1	h _{ef} + 2c	l.		- 3	h ef + 30)		- 1	1 _{ef} + 2d			h _{ef} +	1-1/4			h _{ef} +	2 d _o	**		1	h _{ef} + 30)			h _{ef} +	2 d _o		
Parameter valid for post-installed rebar																																
h _{elmin} = Minimum embedment				0.50							- 53	-				2-3/8	2-3/4	3-1/8	3-1/2	3-1/2	4	4-1/2	5	60	60	70	75	80	90	100	112	128
h _{elmax} = Maximum embedment (PIR)				-												22-1/2	30	37-1/2	45	52-1/2	60	67-1/2	75	480	600	720	840	960	1200	1500	1680	1920
1) s _{min} = 5xd _s , 2) for ASTM 36	and F1	1554 G	rade 36	. Trac	11 ftl	b.													•				•		•	•	•	•	•			_

5. WIT-PE 1000 adhesive anchor system and accessories

								-
Injection tools		Cartridge system	Extra mixing nozzles		Compressed air nozzle (min. 90 psi)		Extension with wood handle	(
14 to 20 fl. oz. dispenser	Manual tool Cat. #0891003105 Cat. #0891018 Pneumatic tool Cat. #0891017	WIT-PE 1000 14.8 fl. oz. (440mL) WIT-PE 1000 20 fl. oz. (585mL)	WIT-PE 1000 mixing nozzle Cat.		3 400	(Cat. #0903488123) Extension tube VL16/1,8	(Cat#0903489103) Brush extension	1
47 fl. oz. dispensers	Prieumatic tool Cat. #0891015	WIT-PE 1000 47 fl. oz. (1400mL)	#0903488103	(Cat# Table 3a or 3b)	If the bore hole ground is not reached an extension shall be used.	(Cat. #0903488122)	(Cat#0903489111)	4

Adolf Wiirth GmbH & Co. KG. Reinhold Würth Strasse 12-17 74653 Künzelsau, Germany P: +49 7940 15-0 F: +49 7940 15-1000

6. Post-installed rebar h_{ef} ≥ 20d Extension tools tube ≤ #5 ≤ 16 [mm] ≤ 27-1/2 [inch] ≤ 700 [mm] 14 to 20 fl. oz. Manual tool

VL10/0.75 0903488123 14 to 20 fl. oz. 47 fl. oz. Pneumatic ≤ 51-1/2 (inch) ≤ 1300 (mm) or VL16/1,8 [mm] ≤ #8 ≤ 25 [mm] ≤ 39-1/2 [inch] Cat. 0903488122 14 to 20 fl. oz. 47 fl. oz. Pneumatic ≤ #10 ≤ 32 [mm] ≤ 75 [inch] ≤ 1920 [mm] VL16/1.8 Pneumatic tool 47 fl. oz. 0903488122

Anchor setting information:

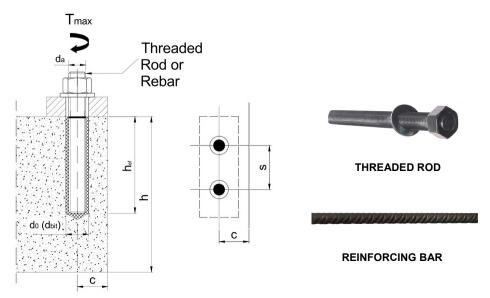


FIGURE 4—INSTALLATION PARAMETERS FOR THREADED RODS AND REINFORCING BARS

Installation Torque Subject to Edge Distance:

For anchors that will be torqued during installation, the maximum torque, T_{max} , must be reduced for edge distances less than the values given in Tables 5, 8, 11 and 14 as applicable. For edge distances c_{ai} and anchor spacing s_{ai} , the maximum torque T_{max} shall comply with the following requirements:

INSTALLATION TORQUE SUBJECT TO EDGE DISTANCE												
NOMINAL ANCHOR SIZE, D	MINIMUM EDGE DISTANCE, Cai	MINIMUM ANCHOR SPACING, sai	MAXIMUM TORQUE, T _{max}									
⁵ / ₈ in. to 1 in. M16 to M27	1.75 in. (45 mm)											
1 ¹ / ₄ in. M30	2.75 in. (70 mm)	5 <i>d</i>	0.45·T _{max}									

Ultimate Limit States Design:

Design resistance of anchors for compliance with the 2015 NBCC must be determined in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 Annex D, and this listing report.

Design table index is provided in Table 1 and design parameters are provided in Tables 2 through 15 of this listing report are based on the 2015 NBCC (CSA A23.3-14). The limit states design of anchors must comply with CSA A23.3-14 D.5.1, except as required in CSA A23.3-14 D.4.3.1.

Material resistance factors must be ϕ_c = 0.65 and ϕ_s = 0.85 in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 Sections 8.4.2 and 8.4.3, and resistance modification factor, R, as given in CSA A23.3-14 Section D.5.3, and noted in Tables 4 through 15 of this listing report, must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC, or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14. The nominal strength, N_{sa} or V_{sa} , in Tables 4, 7, 10 and 13 of this listing report must be multiplied by ϕ_s and R to determine the factored resistance, N_{sar} or V_{sar} . The nominal concrete breakout strength, N_{cb} , N_{cbg} , V_{cb} , and V_{cbg} , in Tables 5, 8, 11 and 14 of this listing report must be multiplied by ϕ_c and R to determine the factored resistance, N_{cbg} , N_{cb

The factored bond resistance, N_{bar} , must be multiplied by ϕ_c and the permissible installation condition factors for dry concrete, R_d , water-saturated concrete, R_{WS} , and water-filled hole, R_{Wf} for the corresponding installation conditions. The bond strength must further be modified with the factor, K_{Wf} , for cases the holes are water-filled as given in Tables 6, 9, 12 and 15.

For anchors to be installed in seismic regions described in NBCC 2015: The factored resistance shear strength, V_{sar} , must be adjusted by $\alpha_{V,seis}$ as given in Tables 4, 7, 10 and 13 for the corresponding anchor steel. The nominal bond strength $\tau_{k,cr}$ must be adjusted by $\alpha_{N,seis}$ as given in Tables 6, 9, 12 and 15.

TABLE 1—DESIGN TABLE INDEX

DESIG	N STRENGTH - THREADED RODS	Fractional	Metric
- 10	Steel Strength - N_{sa} , V_{sa}	Table 3	Table 10
	Concrete Strength - Npn, Nsb, Nsbg, Ncb, Ncbg, Vcb, Vcbg, Vcp, Vcpg	Table 5	Table 11
	Bond Strength - N _a , N _{ag}	Table 6	Table 12
DESIGN S	STRENGTH ¹ – REINFORCING STEEL	Fractional	Metric
	Steel Strength - N _{sa} , V _{sa}	Table 7	Table 13
THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	Concrete Strength - Npn, Nsb, Nsbg, Ncb, Ncbg, Vcb, Vcbg, Vcp, Vcpg	Table 8	Table 14
	Bond Strength - Na, Nag	Table 9	Table 15

TABLE 2—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON CARBON AND STAINLESS STEEL THREADED ROD MATERIALS1

	THREADED ROD SPECIFICATION		MINIMUM SPECIFIED ULTIMATE STRENGTH, f _{uta}	MINIMUM SPECIFIED YIELD STRENGTH 0.2 PERCENT OFFSET, f_{ya}	f _{uta} /f _{ya}	ELONGATION, MIN. PERCENT ¹¹	REDUCTION OF AREA, MIN. PERCENT	SPECIFICATION FOR NUTS ¹²
	ASTM A193 ² Grade B7 all sizes	psi (MPa)	125,000 (862)	105,000 (724)	1.19	16	50	ASTM A194 / A563 Grade DH
	ASTM A36 ³ / F1554 ⁴ , Grade 36 all sizes	psi (MPa)	58,000 (400)	36,000 (250)	1.61	23	40	ASTM A194 / A563
	ASTM F1554 ⁴ Grade 55	psi (MPa)	75,000 (517)	55,000 (380)	1.36	23	40	Grade A
STEEL	ASTM F1554 ⁴ Grade 105	psi (MPa)	125,000 (860)	105,000 (724)	1.19	15	45	
CARBON STEEL	ASTM A449 ⁵ 3/ ₈ to 1 in.	psi (MPa)	120,000 (830)	92,000 (635)	1.30	14	35	ASTM A194 / A563 Grade DH
ర	ASTM A449 ⁵ 1 ¹ / ₄ in	psi (MPa)	105,000 (720)	81,000 (560)	1.30	14	35	
	ASTM F568M ⁶ Class 5.8 (equivalent to ISO 898-1)	psi (MPa)	725,000 (500)	58,000 (400)	1.25	10	35	ASTM A563 Grade DH DIN 934 (8-A2K) ¹³
	ISO 898-1 ⁷ Class 5.8	MPa (psi)	500 (72,500)	400 (58,000)	1.25	22	-	EN ISO 4032 Grade 6
	ISO 898-1 ⁷ Class 8.8	MPa (psi)	800 (116,000)	640 (92,800)	1.25	12	52	EN ISO 4032 Grade 8
	ASTM F593 ⁸ CW1 ³ / ₈ to ⁵ / ₈ in. (316)	psi (MPa)	100,000 (690)	65,000 (450)	1.54	20	-	ASTM F594 Alloy
TEE	ASTM F593 ⁸ CW2 ³ / ₄ to 1 ¹ / ₄ in. (316)	psi (MPa)	85,000 (590)	45,000 (310)	1.89	25	-	Group 1, 2 or 3
STAINLESS STEEL	ASTM A193/A193M ⁹ Grade B8/B8M2, Class 2B	psi (MPa)	95,000 (655)	75,000 (515)	1.27	25	40	ASTM A194/A194M
STAI	ISO 3506-1 ¹⁰ A4-70 (M8-M24)	MPa (psi)	700 (101,500)	450 (65,250)	1.56	40	-	EN ISO 4032
	ISO 3506-1 ¹⁰ A4-50 (M27-M30)	MPa (psi)	500 (72,500)	210 (30,450)	2.38	40	-	EN ISO 4032

¹Adhesive must be used with continuously threaded carbon or stainless steel rod (all-thread) having thread characteristics complying with ANSI B1.1 UNC Coarse Thread Series.

²Standard Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless steel Bolting Materials for High temperature of High Pressure service and Other Special Purpose Applications.

³Standard Specification for Carbon Structural steel

⁴Standard Specification for Anchor Bolts, Steel 36, 55 and 105-ksi Yield Strength.

⁵Standard Specification for Hex Cap Screws, Bolts and Studs, Heat Treated, 120/105/50 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength, General Use.

⁶Standard Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel external Threaded Metric Fasteners.

⁷Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel - Part 1: Bolts, Screws and Studs.

⁸Standard Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting for High Temperature or High Pressure Service and Other Special Purpose Applications.

⁹Standard Specification for Stainless Steel Bolts, Hex Cap Screws, and Studs.

¹⁰Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless steel fasteners - Part 1: Bolts, Screws and Studs.

¹¹Based on 2-in. (50 mm) gauge length except for ASTM A193, which is based on a gauge length of 4d.

¹²Nuts and washers of other grades and style having specified proof load stress greater than the specified grade and style are also suitable. Nuts must have specified proof load stresses equal to or greater than the minimum tensile strength of the specified threaded rod.
¹³Nuts for metric rods.

TABLE 3—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMARY UNIT THREADED ROD1

						Nominal F	Rod Diamete	er (inch)		
DESIGN IN	NFORMATION	Symbol	Units	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1 ¹ / ₄
Threaded r	rod O.D.	d	in. (mm)	0.375 (9.5)	0.500 (12.7)	0.625 (15.9)	0.750 (19.1)	0.875 (22.2)	1.000 (25.4)	1.250 (31.8)
Threaded r	rod effective cross-sectional area	Ase	in.² (mm²)	0.0775 (50)	0.1419 (92)	0.2260 (146)	0.3345 (216)	0.4617 (298)	0.6057	0.9691 (625)
- 45	Nominal strength as governed by steel	Nsa	lb (kN)	4,495 (20.0)	8,230 (36.6)	13,110 (58.3)	19,400 (86.3)	26,780 (119.1)	35,130 (156.3)	56,210 (250.0)
ASTM A36/F1554, Grade 36	strength (for a single anchor)	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	2,695 (12.0)	4,940 (22.0)	7,860 (35.0)	11,640 (51.8)	16,070 (71.4)	21,080 (93.8)	33,725 (150.0)
l A3	Reduction factor for seismic shear	α _{V,seis}	-	(12.0)	(22.0)	(00.0)	0.73	(7 1.4)	(50.0)	(100.0)
ΣŢ	Resistance modification factor for tension ²	R	-				0.80			
AS AS	Resistance modification factor for shear ²	R	-				0.75			
4	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	lb (kN)	5,815 (25.9)	10,645 (47.6)	16,950 (75.5)	25,090 (111.7)	34,630 (154.1)	45,430 (202.1)	72,685 (323.1)
ASTM F1554 Grade 55	strength (for a single anchor)	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	3,490 (15.5)	6,385 (28.6)	10,170 (45.3)	15,055 (67)	20,780 (92.5)	27,260 (121.3)	43,610 (193.9)
STN	Reduction factor for seismic shear	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	-				0.73			
A S	Resistance modification factor for tension ²	R	-				0.80			
	Resistance modification factor for shear ²	R	-			,	0.75		-	
54 5	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	lb (kN)	9,685 (43.1)	17,735 (78.9)	28,250 (125.7)	41,810 (186.0)	57,710 (256.7)	75,710 (336.8)	121,135 (538.8)
ASTM A193 Grade B7 ASTM F1554 Grade 105	strength (for a single anchor)	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	5,810 (25.9)	10,640 (47.3)	16,950 (75.4)	25,085 (111.6)	34,625 (154.0)	45,425 (202.1)	72,680 (323.3)
STI STI STA	Reduction factor for seismic shear	α _{V,seis}	-				0.73			
4 4	Resistance modification factor for tension ²	R	-				0.80			
	Resistance modification factor for shear ²	R	-	0.000	47.000	07.400	0.75	55.405	70.005	101 755
64	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	lb (kN)	9,300 (41.4)	17,030 (76.2)	27,120 (120.9)	40,140 (178.8)	55,405 (246.7)	72,685 (323.7)	101,755 (450.0)
ASTM A449	strength (for a single anchor)	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	5,580 (24.8)	10,220 (45.7)	16,270 (72.5)	24,085 (107.3)	33,240 (148)	43,610 (194.2)	61,055 (270.0)
\ST	Reduction factor for seismic shear	α _{V,seis}	-				0.73			
_	Resistance modification factor for tension ²	R	-				0.80			
	Resistance modification factor for shear ²	R	-	E 000	10.000	40.005	0.75	00.470	10.010	70.000
3M 8	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	lb (kN)	5,620 (25)	10,290 (46)	16,385 (73)	24,250 (108)	33,470 (149)	43,910 (195.5)	70,260 (312.5)
ASTM F568M Class 5.8	strength (for a single anchor)	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	3,370 (15)	6,175 (27.6)	9,830 (43.8)	14,550 (64.8)	20,085 (89.4)	26,350 (117.3)	42,155 (187.5)
IMI	Reduction factor for seismic shear	α _{V,seis}	-	(10)	(27.0)	(10.0)	0.73	(55.7)	(117.0)	(107.0)
AS	Resistance modification factor for tension ²	R	-				0.70			
	Resistance modification factor for shear ²	R	-				0.65			
W	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	lb (kN)	7,750 (34.5)	14,190 (63.1)	22,600 (100.5)	28,430 (126.5)	39,245 (174.6)	51,485 (229.0)	82,370 (366.4)
TM F593 CW Stainless	strength (for a single anchor)	Vsa	lb (kN)	4,650 (20.7)	8,515 (37.9)	13,560 (60.3)	17,060 (75.9)	23,545 (104.7)	30,890 (137.4)	49,425 (219.8)
M F Staii	Reduction factor for seismic shear	α _{V,seis}	-			•	0.73	•	•	
AST	Resistance modification factor for tension ²	R	-				0.70			
	Resistance modification factor for shear ²	R	•				0.65			
ASTM A193/A193M Grade B8/B8M2, Class 2B	Nominal strength as governed by steel	Nsa	lb (kN)	7,365 (32.8)	13,480 (60.3)	21,470 (95.6)	31,780 (141.5)	43,860 (195.2)	57,540 (256.1)	92,065 (409.4)
193/A 38/B8 ss 2B	strength (for a single anchor)	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	4,420 (19.7)	8,090 (36.2)	12,880 (57.4)	19,070 (84.9)	26,320 (117.1)	34,525 (153.7)	55,240 (245.6)
// A de E	Reduction factor for seismic shear	αv,seis	-				0.73			
STN Gra	Resistance modification factor for tension ²	R	-				0.80			
₹	Resistance modification factor for shear ²	R	-				0.75			

¹Values provided for common rod material types based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 Eq. D.2 and Eq. D.3. Nuts and washers must comply with requirements for the rod.

²The tabulated value of the material resistance factors ϕ_c and ϕ_s , and resistance modification factor, R, applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used.

TABLE 4—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON CARBON REINFORCING BARS

REINFORCING SPECIFICATION	UNITS	MINIMUM SPECIFIED ULTIMATE STRENGTH, f_{uta}	MINIMUM SPECIFIED YEILD STRENGTH, f_{ya}
ASTM A615 ¹ , A767 ³ , A996 ⁴	psi	90,000	60,000
Grade 60	(MPa)	(620)	(414)
ASTM A706², A757³	psi	80,000	60,000
Grade 60	(MPa)	(550)	(414)
ASTM A615 ¹ , Grade 40	psi	60,000	40,000
	(MPa)	(415)	(275)
DIN 488 ⁵ BSt 500	MPa	550	500
	(psi)	(80,000)	(72,500)

Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement.

Standard Specification for Low-Alloy Steel Deformed and Plain Bars for Concrete Reinforcement.

Standard specification for Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement.

Standard specification for Rail-Steel and Axle-steel Deformed bars for Concrete Reinforcement.

TABLE 5—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMARY UNIT THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH ALL DRILLING METHODS1

					Nomin	al Rod Diamete	er (inch)				
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1 ¹ / ₄		
Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete	K _{c,cr}	in-lb (SI)		•	•	17 (7)					
Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete	K _{c,uncr}	in-lb (SI)				24 (10)					
Min. anchor spacing	Smin	in. (mm)	1 ⁷ / ₈ (48)	2 ¹ / ₂ (64)	3 (76)	3 ³ / ₄ (95)	4 ¹ / ₄ (108)	4 ³ / ₄ (121)	5 ⁷ / ₈ (149)		
Min. edge distance	Cmin	in.	1 ⁵ / ₈	13/4	2 (51)	2 ³ / ₈ (60)	2 ¹ / ₂ (64)	2 ³ / ₄ (70)	3 ¹ / ₄ (82)		
wirr. eage distance		(mm)	(41)	(44)	See Installatio		ct to Edge Distar edge distance w		is listing report		
Min. member thickness	h _{min}	in. (mm)		+ 1 ¹ / ₄ + 30)			$h_{ef} + 2d_0^{3}$				
Critical edge distance - splitting (for uncracked concrete) ²	Cac	-				2·h _{ef}					
Critical anchor spacing – splitting	Sac	-				2· <i>c</i> _{ac}					
Resistance modification factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	R	-				1.00					
Resistance modification factor for shear, concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	R	-		1.00							

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 006894 MPa.

⁵Reinforcing steel, reinforcing steel bars; dimensions and masses.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Additional setting information is described in Figure 3, installation instructions.

²Condition A requires supplemental reinforcement, while Condition B applies where supplemental reinforcement is not provided or where pullout or pryout governs, as set forth in CSA A23.3-14 D.5. The tabulated value of material resistance factors ϕ_c and ϕ_s , and resistance modification factor, R, applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used. 3 d_{0} = hole diameter.

TABLE 6—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMARY UNIT THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR WÜRTH HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)¹

	DEGIGN INFOR	MATION	0	11.24		No	ominal R	od Diame	eter (inc	h)	
	DESIGN INFOR	MATION	Symbol	Units	3/8	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	11/4
Minimum embedm	ent		h _{ef,min}	in. (mm)	2 ³ / ₈ (60)	2 ³ / ₄ (70)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	4 (102)	5 (127)
Maximum embedm	nent		h _{ef,max}	in. (mm)	7 ¹ / ₂ (191)	10 (254)	12 ¹ / ₂ (318)	15 (381)	17 ¹ / ₂ (445)	20 (508)	25 (635)
Temperature range A: 110°F / 176°F².₃	Characteristic bond s	trength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	2,475 (17.1)	2,400 (16.5)	2,315 (16.0)	2,235 (15.4)	2,155 (14.9)	2,075 (14.3)	1,915 (13.2)
Tempera'	Characteristic bond s	trength in cracked concrete	T _{k,Cr}	psi (N/mm²)	1,150 (7.9)	1,415 (9.8)	1,455 (10.0)	1,515 (10.4)	1,535 (10.6)	1,555 (10.7)	1,550 (10.7)
Temperature range B: 110°F / 153°F ^{2,3}	Characteristic bond s	trength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	2,845 (19.6)	2,755 (19.0)	2,665 (18.4)	2,570 (17.7)	2,480 (17.1)	2,385 (16.5)	2,205 (15.2)
Tempo rang 110°F/	Characteristic bond s	trength in cracked concrete	T _{K,C} r	psi (N/mm²)	1,325 (9.1)	1,630 (11.2)	1,675 (11.5)	1,740 (12.0)	1,765 (12.2)	1,785 (12.3)	1,785 (12.3)
Temperature range C: 122°F / 176°F ^{2,3}	Characteristic bond s	trength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	2,325 (16.0)	2,250 (15.5)	2,175 (15.0)	2,100 (14.5)	2,025 (14.0)	1,950 (13.4)	1,800 (12.4)
Tempe rang 122°F /	Characteristic bond s	trength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi (N/mm²)	1,145 (7.9)	1,390 (9.6)	1,400 (9.6)	1,420 (9.8)	1,440 (9.9)	1,460 (10.1)	1,455 (10.0)
	D=- 0	Anchor category	-	-				1			
	Dry Concrete	Resistance modification factor	Rd	-				1.00			
	Water-saturated	Anchor category	_	-				1			
CAC4 cleaning	Concrete	Resistance modification factor	Rws	-				1.00			
OAO cicaning		Anchor category	_	-				3			
	Water-filled holes	Resistance modification factor	R _{wf}	-				0.75			
	water-lined flores	Modification factor for water filled holes	Kwf	-				1.0			
	D=- 0	Anchor category	-	-				1			
	Dry Concrete	Resistance modification factor	R _d	-				1.00			
	Water-saturated Anchor category							2			
HDB ⁴ cleaning	HDB ⁴ cleaning Concrete Resistance modification factor		Rws	-] [0.8	35		
	Anchor category			1	Not			3			
Water-filled holes Resistance modification f			R _{wf}	-	applicable			0.7	'5		
		K_{wf}	-		0.87	0.91	0.95		1.0		
Reduction factor fo	or seismic tension		∝N,seis	-		1		0.98	0.97	0.95	0.92

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi. For concrete compressive strength, f_c between 2,500 psi and 8,000 psi, the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2500)^{0.1}$ [For **S**I: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.1}$].

²Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads. For load combinations consisting of short-term loads only such as wind, bond strengths may be increased by 10 percent for temperature range A and B and by 16 percent for temperature range C.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C);

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 153°F (67°C), maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C);
Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), maximum long term temperature = 122°F (50°C).

⁴CAC: compressed air cleaning see Figure 3; HDB: cleaning during drilling action with hollow drill bit system

TABLE 7—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMARY UNIT REINFORCING BARS 1

DEC	ION INCORMATION	0	Nominal Bar Size											
DES	IGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9	No. 10			
Rein	forcing bar O.D.	d	in. (mm)	0.375 (9.5)	0.500 (12.7)	0.625 (15.9)	0.750 (19.1)	0.875 (22.2)	1.000 (25.4)	1.125 (28.6)	1.250 (31.8)			
	forcing bar effective cross- onal area	A _{se}	in.² (mm²)	0.110 (71)	0.200 (129)	0.310 (200)	0.440 (284)	0.600 (387)	0.790 (510)	1.000 (645)	1.270 (819)			
(C)	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	lb (kN)	9,900 (44.0)	18,000 (80.1)	27,900 (124.1)	39,600 (176.0)	54,000 (240.0)	71,100 (316.0)	90,000 (400.0)	114,300 (508.0)			
, A99	strength (for a single anchor)	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	5,940 (26.4)	10,800 (48.0)	16,740 (74.5)	23,760 (105.7)	32,400 (144.1)	42,660 (189.8)	54,000 (240.2)	68,580 (305.0)			
ASTM A615, A767, A996 Grade 60	Reduction factor for seismic shear	αv,seis	-				C).76						
TM A6	Resistance modification factor for tension ²	R	-				C).70						
AS	Resistance modification factor for shear ²	R	-				C).65						
	Nominal strength as	N _{sa}	lb	8,800	16,000	24,800	35,200	48,000	63,200	80,000	101,600			
0	governed by		(kN)	(39.1)	(71.2)	(110.3)	(156.6)	(213.5)	(281.1)	(355.9) (4 48,000 60	(452.0)			
de 6	steel strength (for a single anchor)	Vsa	lb	5,280	9,600	14,880	21,120	28,800	37,920	48,000	60,960			
Gra	anchor)	v sa	(kN)	(23.5)	(42.7)	(66.2)	(93.9)	(128.1)	(168.7)	(213.5)	(271.2)			
A706 Grade 60	Reduction for seismic shear	$\alpha_{V,seis}$					C).76						
ASTM,	Resistance modification factor for tension ²	R					(0.80						
,	Resistance modification factor for shear ²	R					(0.75						
	Nominal strength as	N _{sa}	lb (kN)	6,600 (29.4)	12,000 (53.4)	18,600 (82.7)	26,400 (117.4)							
Grade 40	governed by steel strength (for a single anchor)	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	3,960 (17.6)	7,200 (32.0)	11,160 (49.6)	15,840 (70.5)		bars are furni	vith ASTM A6 ^o shed only in s				
A615 Gr	Reduction factor for seismic shear	αv,seis	-		0.7	76			throug	h No. 6				
ASTM A615	Resistance modification factor for tension ²	R	-				C).70						
1	Resistance modification factor for shear ²	R	-				C).65						

¹Values provided for common bar material types based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 Eq. D.2 and Eq. D.3.

²The tabulated value of the material resistance factors & and &, and resistance modification factor, *R*, applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used.

³In accordance with ASTM A615, Grade 40 bars are furnished only in sizes No. 3 through No. 6.

TABLE 8—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMARY UNIT REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH ALL DRILLING METHODS¹

DECICAL INFORMATION	Oh ad	Haita				Nomir	nal Bar Size			
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9	No.10
Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete	K _{c,cr}	in-lb (SI)					17 (7)			
Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete	k _{c,uncr}	inlb. (SI)					24 (10)			
Min. anchor spacing	S _{min}	in. (mm)	1 ⁷ / ₈ (48)	2 ¹ / ₂ (64)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79)	3 ³ / ₄ (95)	4 ³ / ₈ (111)	5 (127)	5 ⁵ / ₈ (143)	6 ¹ / ₄ (159)
Min. edge spacing ⁴	C _{min}	in. (mm)	1 ⁵ / ₈ (41)	1 ³ / ₄ (44)	2 (51)	2 ³ / ₈ (60)	2 ¹ / ₂ (64)	2 ³ / ₄ (70)	3 (76)	3 ¹ / ₄ (82)
Min. member thickness	h _{min}	in. (mm)		+ 1 ¹ / ₄ + 30)			h _{ef} +	2d ₀ ³	•	
Critical edge spacing – splitting (for uncracked concrete) ²	Cac	-					2·h _{ef}			
Critical anchor spacing – splitting	Sac	-					2·c _{ac}			
Resistance modification factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	-					1.00				
Resistance modification factor for shear, concrete failure R - 1.00 modes, Condition B ²										

¹Additional setting information is described in Figure 3, installation instructions.

²Condition A requires supplemental reinforcement, while Condition B applies where supplemental reinforcement is not provided or where pullout or pryout governs, as set forth in CSA A23.3-14 D.5. The tabulated value of the material resistance factors ϕ_c and ϕ_s , and resistance modification factor, R, applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used.

⁴The edge distances, *c_{min}* less than the values given in the table may be reduced subject to the anchor spacing, *s_{min}* in accordance with Installation Torque Subject to Edge Distance Section.

TABLE 9—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMARY UNIT REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR WÜRTH HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)

	DECION INCODE	MATION	Committee of	l laita			Nomin	al Rod D	iameter	(inch)		
	DESIGN INFOR	WIATION	Symbol	Units	No.3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9	No. 10
Minimum embedm	ent		h _{ef,min}	in. (mm)	2 ³ / ₈ (60)	2 ³ / ₄ (70)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	4 (102)	4 ¹ / ₂ (114)	5 (127)
Maximum embedm	nent		h _{ef,max}	in. (mm)	7 ¹ / ₂ (191)	10 (254)	12 ¹ / ₂ (318)	15 (381)	17 ¹ / ₂ (445)	20 (508)	22 ¹ / ₂ (572)	25 (635)
Temperature range A: 110°F / 176°F².₃	Characteristic bond s	trength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	2,060 (14.2)	2,035 (14.0)	2,015 (13.9)	1,990 (13.7)	1,965 (13.6)	1,945 (13.4)	1,920 (13.2)	1,895 (13.1)
Tempera 110°F/	Characteristic bond s	trength in cracked concrete	T _{k,Cr}	psi (N/mm²)	1,350 (9.3)	1,740 (12.0)	1,725 (11.9)	1,695 (11.7)	1,680 (11.6)	1,650 (11.4)	1,635 (11.3)	1,605 (11.1)
Temperature range B: 110°F / 153°F ^{2,3}	Characteristic bond s	trength in uncracked concrete	Tk, uncr	psi (N/mm²)	2,365 (16.3)	2,340 (16.1)	2,315 (16.0)	2,285 (15.8)	2,260 (15.6)	2,235 (15.4)	2,205 (15.2)	2,180 (15.0)
Tempo rang 110°F/	Characteristic bond s	trength in cracked concrete	T _{K,C} r	psi (N/mm²)	1,550 (10.7)	2,000 (13.8)	1,985 (13.7)	1,945 (13.4)	1,930 (13.3)	1,895 (13.1)	1,880 (13.0)	1,845 (12.7)
Temperature range C: 122°F / 176°F ^{2,3}	Characteristic bond s	trength in uncracked concrete	Tk, uncr	psi (N/mm²)	1,935 (13.3)	1,915 (13.2)	1,890 (13.0)	1,870 (12.9)	1,845 (12.7)	1,825 (12.6)	1,805 (12.4)	1,780 (12.3)
Tempe rang 122°F /	Characteristic bond s	trength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi (N/mm²)	1,340 (9.2)	1,635 (11.4)	1,620 (11.2)	1,590 (11.0)	1,580 (10.9)	1,550 (10.7)	1,535 (10.6)	1,510 (10.4)
	Dry Concrete	Anchor category	-	-				1				
	Dry Concrete	Resistance modification factor	R₀	-				1.0	00			
	Water-saturated	Anchor category	-	-				1				
CAC⁴ cleaning	Concrete	Resistance modification factor	Rws	-				1.0	0			
		Anchor category	_	1				3				
	Water-filled holes	Resistance modification factor	R _{wf}	-				0.7	'5			
		Modification factor for water filled holes	$K_{\rm wf}$	-				1.0	0			
	Dry Concrete	Anchor category	_	-				1				
	Dry Concrete Resistance modification factor						-	1.0	00	-		
	Water-saturated Anchor category			•			-		2			
HDB ⁴ cleaning	Concrete	Resistance modification factor	Rws	-					0.85	-		
		Anchor category	_	-	Not applicable				3			
	Water-filled holes	Resistance modification factor	R _{wf}	-	applicable				0.75			
		K_{wf}	ı	0.86 0.91 0.95 1				1				
Reduction factor for	or seismic tension		∝N,seis	-	1 0.98 0.97 0.95				0.	92		

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi. For concrete compressive strength, f_c between 2,500 psi and 8,000 psi, the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2500)^{0.1}$ [For **SI**: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.1}$].

²Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads. For load combinations consisting of short-term loads only such as wind, bond strengths may be increased by 10 percent for temperature range A and B and by 16 percent for temperature range C.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C);

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 153°F (63°C), maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C);
Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), maximum long term temperature = 122°F (50°C).

⁴CAC: compressed air cleaning see Figure 3; HDB: cleaning during drilling action with hollow drill bit system

TABLE 10—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD1

						N	lominal Rod [Diameter (mm)		
DESI	GN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Threa	aded rod O.D.	d	mm (in.)	8 (0.31)	10 (0.39)	12 (0.47)	16 (0.63)	20 (0.79)	24 (0.94)	27 (1.06)	30 (1.18)
	nded rod effective cross- onal area	Ase	mm² (in.²)	36.6 (0.057)	58.0 (0.090)	84.3 (0.131)	157 (0.243)	245 (0.380)	353 (0.547)	459 (0.711)	561 (0.870)
	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	kN (lb)	18.3 (4,114)	29.0 (6,518)	42.2 (9,473)	78.5 (17,643)	122.5 (27,532)	176.5 (39,668)	229.5 (51,580)	280.5 (63,043)
5.8	strength (for a single anchor)	V _{sa}	kN (lb)	11.0 (2,648)	14.5 (3,260)	25.3 (5,684)	47.1 (10,586)	73.5 (16,519)	105.9 (23,801)	137.7 (30,948)	168.3 (37,826)
898-1 Class	Reduction factor for seismic shear	α _{V,seis}	-				0.7	78			
SO 898-	Resistance modification reduction factor for tension ²	R	,				0.7	70			
	Resistance modification reduction factor for shear ²	R	,				0.6	65			
	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	kN (lb)	29.3 (6,582)	46.4 (10,428)	67.4 (15,157)	125.6 (28,229)	196 (44,051)	282.4 (63,470)	367.2 (82,528)	448.8 (100,868)
ass 8.8	strength (for a single anchor)	V _{sa}	kN (lb)	17.6 (3,949)	23.0 (5,216)	40.5 (9,094)	75.4 (16,937)	117.6 (26,431)	169.4 (38,082)	220.3 (49,517)	269.3 (60,521)
898-1 Class	Reduction factor for seismic shear	αv,seis	-				0.7	78			
SO 89	Resistance modification factor for tension ²	R	-				0.7	70			
	Resistance modification factor for shear ²	R	-				0.6	35			
	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	kN (lb)	25.6 (5,760)	40.6 (9,125)	59 (13,263)	109.9 (24,700)	171.5 (38,545)	247.1 (55,536)	229.5 (51,580)	280.5 (63,043)
ISO 3506-1, stainless steel ³	strength (for a single anchor)	Vsa	kN (lb)	15.4 (3,456)	20.3 (4,564)	35.4 (7,958)	65.9 (14,820)	102.9 (23,127)	148.3 (33,322)	137.7 (30,948)	168.3 (37,826)
3506 inless	Reduction factor for seismic shear	αv,seis	-				0.7	78			
ISC A4 sta	Resistance modification factor for tension ²	R	-				0.7	70			
	Resistance modification factor for shear ²	R	-				0.6	65			

¹Values provided for common rod material types based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 Eq. D.2 and Eq. D.3.

TABLE 11—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH ALL **DRILLING MEHTODS¹**

DECICAL INFORMATION	0	I I a i ta				Nominal R	od Diameter (n	nm)		
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	М8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete	K _{c,cr}	SI (in-lb)					7 (17)			
Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete	K _{c,uncr}	SI (in-lb)					10 (24)			
Min. anchor spacing	Smin	mm (in.)	40 (1 ⁵ / ₈)	50 (2)	60 (2 ³ / ₈)	75 (3)	95 (3 ³ / ₄)	115 (4 ¹ / ₂)	125 (5)	140 (5 ¹ / ₂)
Min. edge distance	C _{min}	mm	35	40	45	50 (2)	60 (2 ³ / ₈)	65 (2 ¹ / ₂)	75 (3)	80 (3 ¹ / ₈)
IVIIII. edge distance	Umin	(in.)	(1 ³ / ₈)	(1 ⁵ / ₈)	(1 ³ / ₄)		tion Torque Sub report for small			
Min. member thickness	h _{min}	mm (in.)		$h_{ef} + 30$ $(h_{ef} + 1^{1}/_{4})$				$h_{ef} + 2d_0^3$		
Critical edge distance - splitting (for uncracked concrete) ²	C _{ac}	1					2∙h _{ef}			
Resistance modification factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	R	1					1.00			
Resistance modification factor for shear, concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	R	ı					1.00			

²The tabulated value of the material resistance factors ϕ_c and ϕ_s , and resistance modification factor, R, applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used.

³A4-70 Stainless steel (M8-M24); A4-50 Stainless steel (M27-M30).

¹Additional setting information is described in Figure 3, installation instructions. ²Condition A requires supplemental reinforcement, while Condition B applies where supplemental reinforcement is not provided or where pullout or pryout governs, as set forth in CSA A23.3-14 D.5. The tabulated value of the material resistance factors 🎪 and 🍇 and resistance modification factor, R, applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used. $^3 \it d_0$ = hole diameter.

TABLE 12—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR WÜRTH HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)

	DECION INCODE	MATION	0	Haita			Nomi	nal Rod D	iameter	(inch)		
	DESIGN INFOR	MATION	Symbol	Units	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Minimum embedm	ent		h _{ef,min}	in. (mm)	60 (2.4)	60 (2.4)	70 (2.8)	80 (3.1)	90 (3.5)	96 (3.8)	108 (4.3)	120 (4.7)
Maximum embedm	nent		h _{ef,max}	in. (mm)	120 (4.7)	200 (7.9)	240 (9.4)	320 (12.6)	400 (15.7)	480 (18.9)	540 (21.3)	600 (23.6)
Temperature range A: 110°F / 176°F².₃	Characteristic bond si	trength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	2,515 (17.3)	2,465 (17.0)	2,415 (16.6)	2,315 (16.0)	2,215 (15.3)	2,110 (14.6)	2,035 (14.0)	1,960 (13.5)
Tempera 1	Characteristic bond s	trength in cracked concrete	T _{k,Cr}	psi (N/mm²)	1,130 (7.8)	1,165 (8.0)	1,405 (9.7)	1,455 (10.0)	1,520 (10.5)	1,550 (10.7)	1,570 (10.8)	1,570 (10.8)
Temperature range B: 110°F / 153°F ^{2,3}	Characteristic bond st	trength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	2,890 (19.9)	2,835 (19.5)	2,775 (19.1)	2,660 (18.3)	2,545 (17.5)	2,425 (16.7)	2,340 (16.1)	2,255 (15.5)
Tempo rang 110°F/	Characteristic bond s	trength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi (N/mm²)	1,300 (9.0)	1,335 (9.2)	1,615 (11.1)	1,675 (11.5)	1,750 (12.1)	1,780 (12.3)	1,805 (12.4)	1,805 (12.4)
Temperature range C: 122°F / 176°F ^{2,3}	Characteristic bond si	trength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	2,365 (16.3)	2,315 (16.0)	2,270 (15.6)	2,175 (15.0)	2,080 (14.3)	1,985 (13.7)	1,915 (13.2)	1,840 (12.7)
Tempe rang 122°F /	Characteristic bond s	trength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi (N/mm²)	1,125 (7.7)	1,155 (8.0)	1,380 (9.5)	1,400 (9.6)	1,430 (9.9)	1,455 (10.0)	1,475 (10.2)	1,475 (10.2)
	Dry Concrete	Anchor category	_	•				1				
	Dry Concrete	Resistance modification factor	R _d	1				1.0	0			
	Water-saturated	Anchor category	_	-				1				
CAC⁴ cleaning	Concrete	Resistance modification factor	Rws	-				1.0	00			
		Anchor category	_	-				3				
	Water-filled holes	Resistance modification factor	R _{wf}	-				0.7	'5			
		Modification factor for water filled holes	$K_{\it Wf}$	-				1.0	0			
	Dry Concrete	Anchor category	-	-				1				
	Dry Concrete Resistance modification factor							1.0	00			
	-	-					2	!				
HDB⁴ cleaning			Rws	-]				9.0	35		
Anchor category			-	-	Not app	licable			3	}		
	Water-filled holes	Resistance modification factor	R _{wf}	-]				0.7	75		
	Modification factor for water filled holes						0.86	0.91	0.96		1	
Reduction factor for	or seismic tension		∝N,seis	ı		1		0.99	0.98	0.96	0.94	0.93

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi. For concrete compressive strength, f_c between 2,500 psi and 8,000 psi, the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2500)^{0.1}$ [For **SI**: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.1}$].

²Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads. For load combinations consisting of short-term loads only such as wind, bond strengths may be increased by 10 percent for temperature range A and B and by 16 percent for temperature range C.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C);

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 153°F (67°C), maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C); Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), maximum long term temperature = 122°F (50°C).

⁴CAC: compressed air cleaning see Figure 3; HDB: cleaning during drilling action with hollow drill bit system

TABLE 13—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC REINFORCING BARS 1

DEOL	ON INFORMATION	0					No	ominal Bar S	Size			
DESI	GN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Ø 8	ø 10	Ø 12	ø 14	ø 16	ø 20	Ø 25	ø 28	ø 32
Reinf	orcing bar O.D.	d	mm (in.)	8 (0.315)	10 (0.394)	12 (0.472)	14 (0.551)	16 (0.630)	20 (0.787)	25 (0.984)	28 (1.102)	32 (1.260)
	orcing bar effective -sectional area	A _{se}	mm² (in.²)	50 (0.078)	78.5 (0.112)	113.1 (0.175)	153.9 (0.239)	201.1 (0.312)	314.2 (0.487)	490.9 (0.761)	615.8 (0.954)	804.2 (1.247)
	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	kN (lb)	27.5 (6,182)	43.2 (9,739)	62.2 (14,024)	84.7 (19,088)	110.6 (24,932)	172.8 (38,956)	270.0 (60,868)	338.7 (76,353)	442.3 (99,727)
200	strength (for a single anchor)	V _{sa}	kN (lb)	16.5 (3,709)	25.9 (5,843)	37.3 (8,414)	50.8 (11,453)	66.4 (14,959)	103.7 (23,373)	162.0 (36,521)	203.2 (45,812)	265.4 (59,836)
BSt	Reduction factor for seismic shear	αv,seis	-					0.75				
DIN 488	Resistance modification factor for tension ²	R	-					0.70				
	Resistance modification factor for shear ²	R	-					0.65				

¹Values provided for common bar material types based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 Eq. D.2 and Eq. D.3.

TABLE 14—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH ALL DRILLING METHODS¹

DEGIGN INFORMATION	0	11.24					Nominal Bar	Size			
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete	K _{c,cr}	SI (in-lb)					7 (17)				
Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete	k _{c,uncr}	SI (in-lb)					10 (24)				
Min. anchor spacing	S _{min}	mm (in.)	40 (1 ⁵ / ₈)	50 (2)	60 (2 ³ / ₈)	70 (2 ³ / ₄)	75 (3)	95 (3 ³ / ₄)	120 (4 ⁵ / ₈)	130 (5 ¹ / ₄)	150 (5 ⁷ / ₈)
Min. edge spacing ⁴	C _{min}	mm (in.)	35 (1 ³ / ₈)	40 (1 ⁵ / ₈)	45 (1 ³ / ₄)	50 (2)	50 (2)	60 (2 ³ / ₈)	70 (2 ³ / ₄)	75 (3)	85 (3 ¹ / ₈)
Min. member thickness	h _{min}	mm (in.)		$h_{ef} + 30$ $(h_{ef} + 1^{1}/4)$)		l	h _{ef} +	2d ₀ ³	l	
Critical edge spacing – splitting (for uncracked concrete) ²	Cac	-					2·h _{ef}				
Resistance modification factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	R	-					1.00				
Resistance modification factor for shear, concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	R	-					1.00				

¹Additional setting information is described in Figure 3, installation instructions.

²The tabulated value of the material resistance factors ♠ and ♠, and resistance modification factor, *R*, applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used.

²Condition A requires supplemental reinforcement, while Condition B applies where supplemental reinforcement is not provided or where pullout or pryout governs, as set forth in CSA A23.3-14 D.5. The tabulated value of the material resistance factors & and & and resistance modification factor, R, applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used.

3d₀ = hole diameter.

⁴The edge distances, *c_{min}* less than the values given in the table may be reduced subject to the anchor spacing, *s_{min}* in accordance with Installation Torque Subject to Edge Distance Section.

TABLE 15—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR WÜRTH HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)¹

		DEGICAL INI	COMATION	0	Unita				Nominal F	Rod Diame	eter (inch)			
		DESIGN INI	FORMATION	Symbol	Units	Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Minimum e	mbedme	ent		h _{ef,min}	in. (mm)	60 (2.4)	60 (2.4)	70 (2.8)	75 (3.0)	80 (3.1)	90 (3.5)	100 (3.9)	112 (4.4)	128 (5.0)
Maximum e	embedm	ent		h _{ef,max}	in. (mm)	120 (4.7)	200 (7.9)	240 (9.4)	280 (11.0)	320 (12.6)	400 (15.7)	500 (19.7)	560 (22.0)	640 (25.2)
:ure range 4:	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete			Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	2,070 (14.3)	2,055 (14.2)	2,040 (14.1)	2,025 (14.0)	2,010 (13.9)	1,985 (13.7)	1,945 (13.4)	1,925 (13.3)	1,895 (13.1)
Temperat A				Tk,cr	psi (N/mm²)	1,345 (9.3)	1,345 (9.3)	1,740 (12.0)	1,735 (12.0)	1,725 (11.9)	1,690 (11.7)	1,650 (11.4)	1,620 (11.2)	1,605 (11.1)
Temperature range B:	153°F ^{2,3}	Characteri: concrete	stic bond strength in uncracked	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	2,380 (16.4)	2,365 (16.3)	2,345 (16.2)	2,330 (16.1)	2,315 (15.9)	2,280 (15.7)	2,235 (15.4)	2,210 (15.2)	2,180 (15.0)
Tempo	110°F/	Characteri: concrete	stic bond strength in cracked	T _{k,cr}	psi (N/mm²)	1,550 (10.7)	1,550 (10.7)	2,000 (13.8)	1,995 (13.7)	1,985 (13.7)	1,945 (13.4)	1,900 (13.1)	1,865 (12.8)	1,845 (12.7)
Temperature range C:	176°F ^{2,3}	Characteri: concrete	stic bond strength in uncracked	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	1,945 (13.4)	1,930 (13.3)	1,920 (13.2)	1,905 (13.1)	1,890 (13.0)	1,865 (12.8)	1,830 (12.6)	1,810 (12.5)	1,780 (12.3)
Tempe	122°F /	Characteris concrete	stic bond strength in cracked	Tk,cr	psi (N/mm²)	1,340 (9.2)	1,340 (9.2)	1,635 (11.3)	1,630 (11.2)	1,620 (11.2)	1,590 (10.9)	1,550 (10.7)	1,525 (10.5)	1,505 (10.4)
	Dry	Concrete	Anchor category	-	-					1				
	ы ы	Concrete	Resistance modification factor	R _d	-					1.00				
	Water	-saturated	Anchor category	-	-					1				
CAC⁴	Co	oncrete	Resistance modification factor	Rws	-					1.00				
cleaning			Anchor category	-	-					3				
	Water-	filled holes	Resistance modification factor	R _{wf}	-					0.75				
			Modification factor for water filled holes	K_{Wf}	-					1.0				
	Dry	Concrete	Anchor category	-	-					1				
	Diy	Concrete	Resistance modification factor	R₀	-					1.00				
	Water-saturated Anchor category		Anchor category	_	-						2		-	
HDB⁴	_	ncrete	Resistance modification factor	Rws	-						0.85			
cleaning			Anchor category	_	-	Not an	plicable				3			
	Water-	filled holes	Resistance modification factor	R _{wf}	-		•				0.75			
	Modification factor for water filled holes			$K_{\it Wf}$	-			0.86	0.91	0.96		1		
Reduction	Reduction factor for seismic tension $\alpha_{N,se}$							1		0.99	0.98	0.96	0.94	0.93

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi. For concrete compressive strength, f_c between 2,500 psi and 8,000 psi, the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2500)^{0.1}$ [For **SI**: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.1}$].

Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C);

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 153°F (67°C), maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C);

Conditions of listing:

- 1. The listing report addresses only conformance with the standards and code sections noted above.
- 2. Approval of the product's use is the sole responsibility of the local code official.
- 3. The listing report applies only to the materials tested and as submitted for review by ICC-ES.
- 4. Anchor sizes, dimensions, minimum embedment depths and other installation parameters are as set forth in this listing report.
- 5. Anchors must be limited to use in cracked and uncracked normal-weight concrete and lightweight concrete having a specified compressive strength, f'_c , of 17.2 MPa (2,500 psi) to 58.6 MPa (8,500 psi).
- 6. The values of f'_c , used for calculation purposes must not exceed 55 MPa.

²Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads. For load combinations consisting of short-term loads only such as wind, bond strengths may be increased by 10 percent for temperature range A and B and by 16 percent for temperature range C.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), maximum long term temperature = 122°F (50°C).

⁴CAC: compressed air cleaning see Figure 3; HDB: cleaning during drilling action with hollow drill bit system.

- 7. Limit states design values must be established in accordance with this listing report.
- 8. The use of fatigue or shock loading for these anchors under such conditions is beyond the scope of this listing report.
- Anchors may be used to resist short-term loading due to wind or seismic forces in locations designed according to NBCC 2015.
- 10. Where not otherwise prohibited in the code as referenced in CSA A23.3-14, Würth WIT-PE 1000 Adhesive Anchor System are permitted for use with fire-resistance-rated construction provided that at least one of the following conditions is fulfilled:
 - Anchors are used to resist wind or seismic forces only.
 - b. Anchors that support a fire-resistance-rated envelope or a fire- resistance-rated membrane are protected by approved fire-resistance- rated materials, or have been evaluated for resistance to fire exposure in accordance with recognized standards.
 - c. Anchors are used to support nonstructural elements.
- 11. Use of zinc-coated carbon steel anchors is limited to dry, interior locations.
- Use of anchors made of stainless steel as specified in this report are permitted for exterior exposure and damp environments.
- 13. Steel anchoring materials in contact with preservative-treated wood and fire-retardant-treated wood must be of zinc-coated carbon steel or stainless steel. The minimum coating weights for zinc-coated steel must comply with ASTM A153.
- 14. Installation of anchors in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads shall be performed by personnel certified by an applicable certification program, and the certification shall include written and performance tests in accordance with the ACI/CRSI Adhesive Anchor Installer Certification program, or equivalent in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 D.10.2.3. The installation shall be continuously inspected during installation by an inspector specially approved for that purpose. The special inspector shall furnish a report to the licensed design professional and building official that the work covered by the report has been performed and that the materials used and the installation procedures used conform with the approved contract documents and the MPII in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 D.10.2.4.
- 15. Würth WIT-PE 1000 adhesive anchors may be used to resist tension and shear forces in floor, wall for overhead installations into concrete with a temperature between 40°F and 104°F (5°C and 40°C) for threaded rods and rebar.
- 16. Anchors shall not be used for installations where the concrete temperature can vary from 40°F (5°C) or less to 80°F (27°C) or higher within a 12-hour period. Such applications may include but are not limited to anchorage of building façade systems and other applications subject to direct sun exposure.