SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the Hazardous Products Regulations

RUBBER CARE, 198 g

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11/21/2023
5.1	03/26/2024	10704695-00013	Date of first issue: 12/08/2016

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : RUBBER CARE, 198 g

Product code : 890.110

Other means of identification : No data available

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Würth Canada Limited

Address : 345 Hanlon Creek Blvd
GUELPH, ON N1C 0A1

Telephone : +1 (905) 564 6225

Telefax : +1 (905) 564 3671

Emergency telephone : Emergencies involving a spill, fire, explosion or exposure:
CHEMTREC (24/7): 1-800-424-9300
Transport related emergencies:
CANUTEC (24/7): 1-613-996-6666 or * 666 (cell)

Urgences impliquant un déversement, incendie, explosion ou exposition:
CHEMTREC (24/7): 1-800-424-9300
Urgences liées au transport:
CANUTEC (24/7): 1-613-996-6666 ou * 666 (cellulaire)

E-mail address : prodsafe@wurth.ca

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Care product

Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Aerosols : Category 1

Skin irritation : Category 2

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

Simple Asphyxiant : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements :
H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary Statements :

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P261 Avoid breathing spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.
P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C (122 °F).

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonym	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Butane	Butyl hydride	106-97-8	>= 30 - < 60 *
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	>= 10 - < 30 *
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Heptane, branched, cyclic and linear	64742-49-0	>= 10 - < 30 *
Propane	Dimethylmethane	74-98-6	>= 5 - < 10 *
Propan-2-ol	Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	>= 5 - < 10 *
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	>= 1 - < 5 *
Isobutane	Propane, 2-methyl-	75-28-5	>= 1 - < 5 *
n-Hexane	Hexyl hydride	110-54-3	>= 0.1 - < 1 *

* Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Get medical attention immediately.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

		Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
If swallowed	:	If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs have person lean forward. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Gas reduces oxygen available for breathing.
Protection of first-aiders	:	First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting due to the high vapor pressure.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Carbon oxides
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation	:	If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation. If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.
Advice on safe handling	:	Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing spray. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Conditions for safe storage : Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:
Self-reactive substances and mixtures
Organic peroxides
Oxidizing agents
Flammable solids
Pyrophoric liquids
Pyrophoric solids
Self-heating substances and mixtures
Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases
Explosives
Gases

Recommended storage temperature : 5 - 35 °C

Storage period : 24 Months

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Butane	106-97-8	TWA	1,000 ppm	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV	800 ppm 1,900 mg/m³	CA QC OEL
		STEL	1,000 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	64742-49-0	STEL	1,000 ppm 3,500 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		TWA	500 ppm 1,760 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		STEV	1,000 ppm 3,500 mg/m³	CA QC OEL
		TWAEV	500 ppm 1,760 mg/m³	CA QC OEL
		TWA	200 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWA	500 ppm	ACGIH

		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	64742-49-0	TWA	400 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEL	500 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWA	400 ppm 1,640 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		STEL	500 ppm 2,050 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist - Inhalable dust)	5 mg/m³	CA QC OEL
		TWA	400 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	500 ppm	ACGIH
Propane	74-98-6	TWA	1,000 ppm	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m³	CA QC OEL
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	STEL	400 ppm 984 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		TWA	200 ppm 492 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		TWA	200 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEL	400 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV	200 ppm	CA QC OEL
		STEV	400 ppm	CA QC OEL
		TWA	200 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	400 ppm	ACGIH
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	64742-49-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m³	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m³	CA QC OEL
Isobutane	75-28-5	TWA	1,000 ppm	CA AB OEL
		STEL	1,000 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
n-Hexane	110-54-3	TWA	50 ppm 176 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		TWA	20 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV	50 ppm 176 mg/m³	CA QC OEL
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Acetone	Urine	End of shift at end of work-week	40 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

n-Hexane	110-54-3	2,5-Hexanedio-ne	Urine	End of shift	0.5 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

Engineering measures : Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Self-contained breathing apparatus

Hand protection
Material : Nitrile rubber
Break through time : 480 min
Glove thickness : 0.7 mm

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:
Safety glasses

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.
Wear the following personal protective equipment:
If assessment demonstrates that there is a risk of explosive atmospheres or flash fires, use flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.
Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Aerosol containing a liquefied gas

Propellant	:	Butane, Propane, Isobutane
Color	:	Colorless to pale yellow
Odor	:	aliphatic
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Not applicable
Flash point	:	< -20 °C Flash point is only valid for liquid portion in the aerosol can.
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Extremely flammable aerosol.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	12 %(V)
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	0.8 %(V)
Vapor pressure	:	2,200 - 3,400 hPa (23 °C)
Relative vapor density	:	Not applicable
Relative density	:	0.66
Density	:	0.66 g/cm³
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	partly miscible
Solubility in other solvents	:	soluble Solvent: organic solvents
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Autoignition temperature	:	No data available

Decomposition temperature	:	50 °C
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not applicable
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Metal corrosion rate	:	Not corrosive to metals.
Particle characteristics		
Particle size	:	Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Extremely flammable aerosol. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting due to the high vapor pressure. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials	:	Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Method: Calculation method

Components:

Butane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 658 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 16,750 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 259.354 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,350 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,840 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 23.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,800 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 800000 ppm
Exposure time: 15 min
Test atmosphere: gas

Propan-2-ol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 25 mg/l
Exposure time: 6 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 20 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 3,350 mg/kg Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Isobutane:

Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Mouse): 260200 ppm Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas

n-Hexane:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 31.86 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	Skin irritation

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Skin irritation
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No skin irritation

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	No skin irritation
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Assessment	:	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

n-Hexane:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Skin irritation
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

n-Hexane:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Test Type	:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Mouse
Result	:	negative
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Test Type	:	Maximization Test
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	negative
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:

Test Type	:	Buehler Test
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	negative

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Test Type	:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Mouse
Result	:	negative
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

n-Hexane:

Test Type	:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Mouse
Result	:	negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Butane:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Propan-2-ol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

Isobutane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

n-Hexane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Mouse
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Species	:	Rat
Application Route	:	inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time	:	2 Years
Result	:	negative
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Species	:	Mouse
Application Route	:	inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time	:	2 Years
Result	:	negative
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:

Species	:	Rat
Application Route	:	inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time	:	104 weeks
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 451
Result	:	negative

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Species	:	Rat
Application Route	:	inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time	:	2 Years
Result	:	negative
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Species	:	Mouse
Application Route	:	inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time	:	2 Years
Result	:	negative
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

n-Hexane:

Species	:	Mouse

Application Route	:	inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time	:	2 Years
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 451
Result	:	negative
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility.

Components:

Butane:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test Species: Rat Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422 Result: negative
Effects on fetal development	:	Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422 Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study Species: Rat Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Effects on fetal development	:	Test Type: Embryo-fetal development Species: Rat Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study Species: Rat Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Effects on fetal development	:	Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development Species: Rat Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative

Propan-2-ol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Isobutane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative

n-Hexane:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Result: positive
Effects on fetal development	:	Test Type: Embryo-fetal development Species: Mouse Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Result: negative
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Components:

Butane:

Assessment	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Assessment	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Assessment	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Propane:

Assessment	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Propan-2-ol:

Assessment	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Assessment	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Isobutane:

Assessment	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

n-Hexane:

Assessment	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

n-Hexane:

Routes of exposure	:	inhalation (vapor)
Target Organs	:	Central nervous system
Assessment	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Butane:

Species	:	Rat
NOAEL	:	9000 ppm
Application Route	:	inhalation (gas)
Exposure time	:	6 Weeks
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 422

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Species	:	Rat, male
NOAEL	:	10.504 mg/l
Application Route	:	inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time	:	90 Days
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Species	:	Rat
NOAEL	:	12.47 mg/l
Application Route	:	Inhalation
Exposure time	:	90 Days
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Propane:

Species	:	Rat
NOAEL	:	7.214 mg/l
Application Route	:	inhalation (gas)
Exposure time	:	6 Weeks
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 422

Propan-2-ol:

Species	:	Rat
NOAEL	:	12.5 mg/l
Application Route	:	inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time	:	104 Weeks

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Species	:	Rat, male
NOAEL	:	10.504 mg/l
LOAEL	:	31.652 mg/l

Application Route	:	inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time	:	13 Weeks
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Isobutane:

Species	:	Rat
NOAEL	:	9000 ppm
Application Route	:	inhalation (gas)
Exposure time	:	6 Weeks
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 422

n-Hexane:

Species	:	Mouse
LOAEL	:	1.76 mg/l
Application Route	:	inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time	:	13 Weeks

Species	:	Rat, male
NOAEL	:	568 mg/kg
LOAEL	:	3,973 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Ingestion
Exposure time	:	90 Days

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Product:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

n-Hexane:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

n-Hexane:

Inhalation : Target Organs: Central nervous system
Symptoms: Central nervous system depression

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 10 - 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EL50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 10 - 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOELR (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 0.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 13.4 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EL50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 10 - 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials NOELR (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 0.1 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.17 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 9,640 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 1,050 mg/l Exposure time: 16 h

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Toxicity to fish	:	LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 12 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EL50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 10 - 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOELR (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 0.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

n-Hexane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.88 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 55 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEL (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 30 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Butane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 385.5 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 98 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 385.5 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:

Biodegradability : Result: rapidly degradable

BOD/COD : BOD: 1,19 (BOD5)
COD: 2,23
BOD/COD: 53 %

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 81 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Isobutane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 385.5 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

n-Hexane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Butane:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.31

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 3.6

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: > 4
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0.05

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: > 3 - < 4
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Isobutane:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.8

n-Hexane:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.
Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.
Please ensure aerosol cans are sprayed completely empty (including propellant)

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS
Class : 2.1
Packing group : Not assigned by regulation
Labels : 2.1
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : Aerosols, flammable

Class	:	2.1
Packing group	:	Not assigned by regulation
Labels	:	Flammable Gas
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	203
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	203

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 1950
Proper shipping name	:	AEROSOLS (Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane, Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics)
Class	:	2.1
Packing group	:	Not assigned by regulation
Labels	:	2.1
EmS Code	:	F-D, S-U
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG

UN number	:	UN 1950
Proper shipping name	:	AEROSOLS
Class	:	2.1
Packing group	:	Not assigned by regulation
Labels	:	2.1
ERG Code	:	126
Marine pollutant	:	yes(Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane, Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics)

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content

CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT, 1999 - Guidelines for VOC in Consumer Products
VOC content: 91.67 % / 605 g/l

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL	:	All chemical substances in this product comply with the CEPA 1999 and NSNR and are on or exempt from listing on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	:	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
CA AB OEL	:	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL	:	Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL	:	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
CA AB OEL / TWA	:	8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL	:	15-minute occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
CA BC OEL / STEL	:	short-term exposure limit
CA QC OEL / TWAEV	:	Time-weighted average exposure value
CA QC OEL / STEV	:	Short-term exposure value

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Sources of key data used to : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD

compile the Material Safety Data Sheet		eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/
Revision Date	:	03/26/2024
Date format	:	mm/dd/yyyy

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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