

STARTING FLUID, 212 g

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : STARTING FLUID, 212 g

Product code : 890.991010

Other means of identification : No data available

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Würth Canada Limited

Address : 345 Hanlon Creek Blvd

GUELPH, ON N1C 0A1

Telephone : +1 (905) 564 6225

Telefax : +1 (905) 564 3671

Emergency telephone : Emergencies involving a spill, fire, explosion or exposure:

CHEMTREC (24/7): 1-800-424-9300 Transport related emergencies:

CANUTEC (24/7): 1-613-996-6666 or * 666 (cell)

Urgences impliquant un déversement, incendie, explosion ou

exposition:

CHEMTREC (24/7): 1-800-424-9300

Urgences liées au transport:

CANUTEC (24/7): 1-613-996-6666 ou * 666 (cellulaire)

E-mail address : prodsafe@wurth.ca

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Fuels and fuel additives

Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Flammable aerosols : Category 1

Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas

Skin irritation : Category 2

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity : Category 3



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- single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity

- repeated exposure

Category 2 (Central nervous system)

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging

the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system)

through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260 Do not breathe spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection

and face protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel

unwell.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.



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P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to tempera-

tures exceeding 50 °C (122 °F).

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonym	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Diethyl ether	1,1'- Oxydiethane	60-29-7	47.681
n-Hexane	Hexyl hydride	110-54-3	11
Carbon dioxide	Carbonic anhy- dride	124-38-9	4.81
Heptane	n-Heptane	142-82-5	3.3
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p- cresol	Phenol, 2,6- bis(1,1- dimethylethyl)- 4-methyl-	128-37-0	2.51
Toluene	Benzene, me- thyl-	108-88-3	0.44

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately.





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Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the

unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irrita-

tion.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting

due to the high vapor pressure.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

so

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition.

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-





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tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Non-sparking tools should be used.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray

jet.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine

which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventila-

tion.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe spray.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Protect against light.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.



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Conditions for safe storage : Store locked up.

Keep tightly closed.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides Oxidizing agents Flammable solids Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit

flammable gases Explosives Gases

Recommended storage tem: :

perature

< 40 °C

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Diethyl ether	60-29-7	TWA	400 ppm 1,210 mg/m ³	CA AB OEL
		STEL	500 ppm 1,520 mg/m ³	CA AB OEL
		TWA	400 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEL	500 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV	400 ppm 1,210 mg/m ³	CA QC OEL
		STEV	500 ppm 1,520 mg/m ³	CA QC OEL
		TWA		
		STEL	500 ppm	ACGIH
n-Hexane	110-54-3	TWA	50 ppm 176 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		TWA	20 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV	50 ppm 176 mg/m ³	CA QC OEL
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	TWA	5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		STEL	30,000 ppm 54,000 mg/m ³	CA AB OEL
		TWA	5,000 ppm	CA BC OEL



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		STEL	15,000 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEV	30,000 ppm 54,000 mg/m ³	CA QC OEL
		TWAEV	5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m³	CA QC OEL
		TWA	5,000 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	30,000 ppm	ACGIH
Heptane	142-82-5	TWA	400 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEL	500 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWA	400 ppm 1,640 mg/m ³	CA AB OEL
		STEL	500 ppm 2,050 mg/m ³	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV	400 ppm	CA QC OEL
		STEV	500 ppm	CA QC OEL
		TWA	400 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	500 ppm	ACGIH
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	128-37-0	TWA	10 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		TWA (Va- pour and inhalable aerosols)	2 mg/m³	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV (in- halable frac- tion and va- pour)	2 mg/m³	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Inha- lable fraction and vapor)	2 mg/m³	ACGIH
Toluene	108-88-3	TWA	50 ppm 188 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		TWA	20 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV	20 ppm	CA QC OEL
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
n-Hexane	110-54-3	2,5- Hexanedio- ne	Urine	End of shift	0.5 mg/l	ACGIH BEI
Toluene	108-88-3	Toluene	In blood	Prior to last shift of work- week	0.02 mg/l	ACGIH BEI
		Toluene	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	0.03 mg/l	ACGIH BEI



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		o-Cresol	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	0.3 mg/g Creatinine	ACGIH BEI

Engineering measures : Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust venti-

lation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the re-

commended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Self-contained breathing apparatus

Hand protection

Material : Nitrile rubber

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration specific to place of work. For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Breakthrough time is not determined for the pro-

duct. Change gloves often!

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Safety glasses

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical

resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure

potential.

Wear the following personal protective equipment:

If assessment demonstrates that there is a risk of explosive atmospheres or flash fires, use flame retardant antistatic

protective clothing.

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the wor-

king place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES



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Appearance : Aerosol containing a liquefied gas

Propellant : Carbon dioxide

Color : No data available

Odor : solvent

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Not applicable

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

ca. 7.1 %(V)

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

ca. 1.2 %(V)

Vapor pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapor density : Not applicable

Relative density : ca. 0.738

Density : 0.739 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : ca. 296 °C

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable



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Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Extremely flammable aerosol.

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting

due to the high vapor pressure.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Diethyl ether:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,200 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 97 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 20,000 mg/kg

n-Hexane:



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Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 31.86 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Carbon dioxide:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 40000 - 50000 ppm

Exposure time: 30 min Test atmosphere: vapor

Heptane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 73.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 6,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Toluene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 28.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.



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Components:

Diethyl ether:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

n-Hexane:

Species : Rabbit
Result : Skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Heptane:

Species : Rabbit Result : Skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Toluene:

Species : Rabbit

Method : Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.4.

Result : Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Diethyl ether:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

n-Hexane:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Heptane:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials



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2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Toluene:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Diethyl ether:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : negative

n-Hexane:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result : negative

Heptane:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Humans Result : negative

Toluene:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.6.



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Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Diethyl ether:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

n-Hexane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Heptane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative



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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Toluene:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Method: OECD Test Guideline 478

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.



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Components:

n-Hexane:

Species : Mouse

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 2 Years

Method : OECD Test Guideline 451

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Heptane:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 22 Months
Result : negative

Toluene:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Result : negative

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 24 Months
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Diethyl ether:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

n-Hexane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: positive

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development



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Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and

fertility, based on animal experiments.

Heptane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Toluene:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.



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Components:

Diethyl ether:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

n-Hexane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Heptane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Toluene:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

n-Hexane:

Routes of exposure : inhalation (vapor)
Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

Toluene:

Routes of exposure : Inhalation

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Diethyl ether:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 500 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Species : Rat NOAEL : > 1 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials



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n-Hexane:

Species : Mouse LOAEL : 1.76 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 568 mg/kg
LOAEL : 3,973 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Heptane:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 12.35 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 90 Days

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 25 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 22 Months

Toluene:

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 1.875 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 6 Months

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 625 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Product:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Components:

n-Hexane:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Heptane:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.



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Toluene:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

n-Hexane:

Inhalation : Target Organs: Central nervous system

Symptoms: Central nervous system depression

Toluene:

Inhalation : Target Organs: Central nervous system

Symptoms: Neurological disorders

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Diethyl ether:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2,560 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 165 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC: 42 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

n-Hexane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.88 mg/l



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aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 55 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEL (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 30

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carbon dioxide:

Toxicity to fish : NOEC (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Heptane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Gambusia affinis (Mosquito fish)): 4,924 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50: > 0.1 - 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 0.57 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.1.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.48 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.24

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.24

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 0.053 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.316 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toluene:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus kisutch (coho salmon)): 5.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 3.78 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus kisutch (coho salmon)): 1.39 mg/l

Exposure time: 40 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 0.74 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Nitrosomonas sp.): 84 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Diethyl ether:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

n-Hexane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Heptane:



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Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 70 % Exposure time: 10 d

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 4.5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Toluene:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 80 % Exposure time: 20 d

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Diethyl ether:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.89

n-Hexane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4

Carbon dioxide:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.83

Heptane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4.5

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 330 - 1,800

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 5.1

Toluene:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 90

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 2.73



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Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product. Please ensure aerosol cans are sprayed completely empty

(including propellant)

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number UN 1950 Proper shipping name **AEROSOLS**

Class 2.1

Packing group Not assigned by regulation

Labels 2.1

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. UN 1950

Proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

Class 2.1

Packing group Not assigned by regulation

Labels Flammable Gas

Packing instruction (cargo 203

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

203

IMDG-Code

UN number UN 1950 Proper shipping name **AEROSOLS**

(Heptane, 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol)

Class 2.1

Packing group Not assigned by regulation

Labels 2.1 F-D, S-U **EmS Code** Marine pollutant yes



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Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG

UN number UN 1950 Proper shipping name **AEROSOLS**

Class

Packing group Not assigned by regulation

Labels 2.1 **ERG Code** 126

Marine pollutant yes(Heptane, 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol)

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Volatile organic compounds

CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT, 1999 -(VOC) content

Guidelines for VOC in Consumer Products

VOC content: > 99 %

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

All chemical substances in this product comply with the CEPA DSL

1999 and NSNR and are on or exempt from listing on the

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) **ACGIH BEI** ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

CA AB OEL Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table

2: OEL)

CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL

CA QC OEL Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safe-

ty, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for air-

borne contaminants

ACGIH / TWA 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL Short-term exposure limit

CA AB OEL / TWA 8-hour Occupational exposure limit CA AB OEL / STEL 15-minute occupational exposure limit

CA BC OEL / TWA 8-hour time weighted average CA BC OEL / STEL short-term exposure limit

CA QC OEL / TWAEV Time-weighted average exposure value

CA QC OEL / STEV Short-term exposure value



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AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Sources of key data used to

compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date 11/11/2022 Date format mm/dd/yyyy

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

CA / Z8