according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



## LIGHT ZINC SPRAY, 310 g

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03/05/2024 13.0 06/03/2024 10787925-00014 Date of first issue: 12/23/2009

### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : LIGHT ZINC SPRAY, 310 g

Product code : 893.113114

Other means of identification : No data available

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Würth Canada Limited

Address : 345 Hanlon Creek Blvd

GUELPH, ON N1C 0A1

Telephone : +1 (905) 564 6225

Telefax : +1 (905) 564 3671

Emergency telephone : Emergencies involving a spill, fire, explosion or exposure:

CHEMTREC (24/7): 1-800-424-9300

Transport related emergencies:

CANUTEC (24/7): 1-613-996-6666 or \* 666 (cell)

Urgences impliquant un déversement, incendie, explosion ou

exposition:

CHEMTREC (24/7): 1-800-424-9300

Urgences liées au transport:

CANUTEC (24/7): 1-613-996-6666 ou \* 666 (cellulaire)

E-mail address : prodsafe@wurth.ca

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Solvent-borne coatings

Restrictions on use : Not applicable

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Aerosols : Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity :

- repeated exposure

Category 2 (Auditory system)

Specific target organ toxicity :

- single exposure

Category 3

Eye irritation : Category 2A

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Auditory system) through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Precautionary Statements** 

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260 Do not breathe spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 Wear eye protection and face protection.

Response:

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

P314 Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container

tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to tempera-

tures exceeding 50 °C (122 °F).

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonym	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Dimethyl ether	Methane, 1,1'- oxybis-	115-10-6	>= 30 - < 60 *
n-Butyl acetate	Acetic acid, butyl ester	123-86-4	>= 5 - < 10 *
Ethyl acetate	Acetic acid ethyl ester	141-78-6	>= 5 - < 10 *
Xylene	Benzene, dime- thyl-	1330-20-7	>= 5 - < 10 *
Acetone	2-Propanone	67-64-1	>= 1 - < 5 *
Aluminium	No data availa- ble	7429-90-5	>= 1 - < 5 *
Hydrocarbons, C10- C13, n-alkanes, isoal- kanes, cyclics ,<2% aromatics	Naphtha (petro- leum), hy- drotreated heavy	64742-48-9	>= 1 - < 5 *
Ethylbenzene	Benzene, ethyl-	100-41-4	>= 1 - < 5 *
Stearic acid	Octadecanoic acid	57-11-4	>= 1 - < 5 *
Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco al-kylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates	Coco- ethyldimonium	68308-64-5	>= 0.1 - < 1 *

<sup>\*</sup> Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention.

Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

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Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irrita-

delayed

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Protection of first-aiders First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

> and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically and supportively.

#### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media Alcohol-resistant foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Drv sand Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Flash back possible over considerable distance.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting

due to the high vapor pressure.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides

Metal oxides Silicon oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protec- : tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition.

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

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Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers)

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray

jet.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine

which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventila-

tion.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe spray. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Conditions for safe storage : Store locked up.

Keep tightly closed.

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Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides
Oxidizing agents
Flammable solids
Pyrophoric liquids
Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit

flammable gases

Explosives Gases

Recommended storage tem: :

perature

15 - 25 °C

Storage period : 24 Months

### **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	TWA	1,000 ppm	CA BC OEL
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4 STEL		200 ppm 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	CA AB OEL
	TWA		150 ppm 713 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV	50 ppm	CA QC OEL
		STEV	150 ppm	CA QC OEL
		TWA 50 ppm		CA BC OEL
		STEL	150 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	150 ppm	ACGIH
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	TWA	400 ppm 1,440 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	CA AB OEL
		TWA	150 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV	400 ppm 1,440 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	CA QC OEL
		TWA	400 ppm	ACGIH
Xylene	1330-20-7	TWA	100 ppm 434 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		STEL	150 ppm 651 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV	100 ppm	CA QC OEL

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	I	İ	434 mg/m³	İ
		STEV	150 ppm	CA QC OEL
		0.2.	651 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0,1 00 022
		TWA	100 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEL	150 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
Acetone	67-64-1	TWA	500 ppm	CA AB OEL
7.00.0.10	0.01.		1,200 mg/m³	071712 022
		STEL	750 ppm	CA AB OEL
			1,800 mg/m³	
		TWA	250 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEL	500 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV	250 ppm	CA QC OEL
		STEV	500 ppm	CA QC OEL
		TWA	250 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	500 ppm	ACGIH
Aluminium	7429-90-5	TWA (Dust)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	CA AB OEL
, narrii narri	7 120 00 0	TWA (Res-	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	CA BC OEL
		pirable)	(Aluminum)	OA BO OLL
		TWA (pow-	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	CA AB OEL
		der)	(Aluminum)	O/ (/ ND OLL
		TWAEV	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	CA QC OEL
		(respirable	0g,	071 40 022
		dust)		
		TWA (Respi-	1 mg/m³	ACGIH
		rable particu-	(Aluminum)	
		late matter)	,	
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-	64742-48-9	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
alkanes, isoalkanes, cy-				
clics ,<2% aromatics				
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist	5 mg/m³	CA QC OEL
		- Inhalable		
		dust)		
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m³	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inha-	5 mg/m³	ACGIH
		lable particu-		
		late matter)		
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	STEL	125 ppm	CA AB OEL
			543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		TWA	100 ppm	CA AB OEL
			434 mg/m³	
		TWA	20 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV	20 ppm	CA QC OEL
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
Stearic acid	57-11-4	TWAEV	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	CA QC OEL
		TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	CA AB OEL
		TWA (Inhal-	10 mg/m³	CA BC OEL
		able)	2 ma/m³	CA BC OF
	1	TWA (Res-	3 mg/m³	CA BC OEL
		pirable)		

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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lable particu- late matter)		
TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	3 mg/m³	ACGIH

### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentra-tion	Basis
Acetone	67-64-1	Acetone	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	25 mg/l	ACGIH BEI
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Sum of mandelic acid and phenyl gly- oxylic acid	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	0.15 g/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI
Xylene	1330-20-7	Methyl- hippuric acids	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	1.5 g/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI

**Engineering measures** : Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust venti-

lation.

### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the re-

commended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Self-contained breathing apparatus

Hand protection

Material : butyl-rubber
Break through time : < 15 min
Glove thickness : 0.7 mm

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Remarks Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

> on the concentration specific to place of work. For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of

workday.

Wear the following personal protective equipment: Eye protection

Safety goggles

Skin and body protection Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical

resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure

potential.

Wear the following personal protective equipment:

If assessment demonstrates that there is a risk of explosive atmospheres or flash fires, use flame retardant antistatic

protective clothing.

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the wor-

king place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Aerosol containing a liquefied gas **Appearance** 

Propellant Dimethyl ether

Color silver

Odor characteristic

Odor Threshold No data available

Solvent mixture; pH value determination not possible, no pΗ

aqueous solution

Melting point/freezing point No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling : -24 °C

range

Flash point 21 °C

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Flash point is only valid for liquid portion in the aerosol can.

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

18.6 %(V)

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

3 %(V)

Vapor pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapor density : Not applicable

Density : 1.11 - 1.22 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Flow time : 15 - 30 s

Cross section: 4 mm

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Not applicable

### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Extremely flammable aerosol.

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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due to the high vapor pressure.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

#### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Dimethyl ether:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 164000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas

n-Butyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 21.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Ethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

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Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 22.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 6 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 20,000 mg/kg

Xylene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,523 mg/kg

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.1.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 27.571 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 4,200 mg/kg

Acetone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5,800 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 76 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 7,426 mg/kg

**Aluminium:** 

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 0.888 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4,951 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): >= 3,160 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethylbenzene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 17.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Stearic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2 mg/l

Exposure time: 1 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 570 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male): > 200 - 1,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

n-Butyl acetate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Ethyl acetate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

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Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Xylene:

Species : Rabbit Result : Skin irritation

Acetone:

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Aluminium:** 

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild skin irritation

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Stearic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : Patch Test 24 Hrs.
Result : No skin irritation

Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Corrosive after 1 to 4 hours of exposure

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

**Components:** 

n-Butyl acetate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Ethyl acetate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

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Xylene:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Acetone:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Aluminium:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Stearic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Remarks : Based on skin corrosivity.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

n-Butyl acetate:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Ethyl acetate:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Result : negative

Xylene:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result : negative

Acetone:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

**Aluminium:** 

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Stearic acid:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates:

Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Dimethyl ether:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



## **LIGHT ZINC SPRAY, 310 g**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03/05/2024 13.0 06/03/2024 10787925-00014 Date of first issue: 12/23/2009

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Sex-linked recessive lethal test in Drosophila mel-

anogaster (in vivo)

Application Route: inhalation (gas)

Result: negative

n-Butyl acetate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Ethyl acetate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Hamster

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Xylene:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Mouse

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03/05/2024 13.0 06/03/2024 10787925-00014 Date of first issue: 12/23/2009

Application Route: Skin contact

Result: negative

Acetone:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

**Aluminium:** 

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

**Ethylbenzene:** 

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03/05/2024 13.0 06/03/2024 10787925-00014 Date of first issue: 12/23/2009

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with

mammalian liver cells in vivo

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Inhalation Method: OECD Test Guideline 486

Result: negative

Stearic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

### Dimethyl ether:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 2 Years Result : negative

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



## LIGHT ZINC SPRAY, 310 g

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03/05/2024 13.0 06/03/2024 10787925-00014 Date of first issue: 12/23/2009

Xylene:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Result : negative

Acetone:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 424 days
Result : negative

**Aluminium:** 

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 86 weeks Result : negative

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 105 weeks
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Ethylbenzene:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 104 weeks Result : positive

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in hu-

mans.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Dimethyl ether:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03/05/2024 13.0 06/03/2024 10787925-00014 Date of first issue: 12/23/2009

n-Butyl acetate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Ethyl acetate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Inhalation

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Xylene:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Acetone:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



## **LIGHT ZINC SPRAY, 310 g**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03/05/2024 13.0 06/03/2024 10787925-00014 Date of first issue: 12/23/2009

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

**Aluminium:** 

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening

test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Ethylbenzene:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Inhalation Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Stearic acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



## LIGHT ZINC SPRAY, 310 g

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Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Skin contact

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Components:** 

Dimethyl ether:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

n-Butyl acetate:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Ethyl acetate:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Xylene:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

Acetone:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



## LIGHT ZINC SPRAY, 310 g

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#### **Components:**

Xylene:

Routes of exposure : inhalation (vapor)
Target Organs : Auditory system

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of >0.2 to 1 mg/l/6h/d.

**Ethylbenzene:** 

Routes of exposure : inhalation (vapor)
Target Organs : Auditory system

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of >0.2 to 1 mg/l/6h/d.

### Repeated dose toxicity

#### **Components:**

Dimethyl ether:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 47.11 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 2 y

n-Butyl acetate:

Species : Rat NOAEL : 2.4 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 90 Days

Ethyl acetate:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 900 mg/kg
LOAEL : 3,600 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 1.28 mg/l

LOAEL : 2.75 mg/kg

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 94 Days

Xylene:

Species : Rat

LOAEL : > 0.2 - 1 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Species : Rat LOAEL : 150 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90 Days

Acetone:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 900 mg/kg
LOAEL : 1,700 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Species : Rat NOAEL : 45 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 8 Weeks

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 1,000 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 54 Days

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Ethylbenzene:

Species : Rat LOAEL : 0.868 mg/l Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 75 mg/kg
LOAEL : 250 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Stearic acid:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 42 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : > 100 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

### Xylene:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

#### Acetone:

The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

#### Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

### Ethylbenzene:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

#### **Experience with human exposure**

### **Components:**

### Ethyl acetate:

Eye contact : Target Organs: Eye

Symptoms: Irritation

#### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Ecotoxicity**

### **Components:**

#### Dimethyl ether:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): > 4,100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 4,400 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): > 1,600 mg/l

n-Butyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 18 mg/l

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia sp. (Water flea)): 44 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 397

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 196

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 23.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : IC50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 356 mg/l

Exposure time: 40 h

Ethyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 220 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3,090 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h Method: DIN 38412

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1 - 9.65

mg/l

Exposure time: 32 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Photobacterium phosphoreum): 1,650 mg/l

Exposure time: 0.25 h

Xylene:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 13.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03/05/2024 13.0 06/03/2024 10787925-00014 Date of first issue: 12/23/2009

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 0.1 - < 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 35 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

EL10 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC: > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acetone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 5,540 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 8,800 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7,000

ma/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 79 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 61,150 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 min Method: ISO 8192

**Aluminium:** 

Toxicity to fish : NOEC (Salmo trutta (brown trout)): > 80 μg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.135 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



## **LIGHT ZINC SPRAY, 310 g**

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Chronic aquatic toxicity : No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1,000

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):

1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethylbenzene:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.8 - 2.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.6

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.4

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 0.96 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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EC50 (Nitrosomonas sp.): 96 mg/l Toxicity to microorganisms

Exposure time: 24 h

Stearic acid:

Toxicity to fish LL50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 10,000 mg/l

> Exposure time: 48 h Method: DIN 38412

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 10

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): 883 mg/l Toxicity to microorganisms

Exposure time: 18 h

Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates:

LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 13.8 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.036 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.14

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.01

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



## LIGHT ZINC SPRAY, 310 g

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mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 0.01 - 0.1

mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.001 - 0.01 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10: 9 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

### Persistence and degradability

#### **Components:**

Dimethyl ether:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

n-Butyl acetate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 83 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Ethyl acetate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 69 % Exposure time: 20 d

Xylene:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: > 70 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acetone:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 91 % Exposure time: 28 d

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 80 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethylbenzene:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 70 - 80 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Stearic acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 71 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 67.77 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 310

Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:** 

Dimethyl ether:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.2

n-Butyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-

: log Pow: 2.3

octanol/water

Ethyl acetate:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 30

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.68

Xylene:

Partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: 3.16

octanol/water

Remarks: Calculation

Acetone:

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -0.27 - -0.23

Ethylbenzene:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.6

Stearic acid:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 8.23

Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 500

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.26

Remarks: Calculation

**Mobility in soil**No data available

110 data avallable

Other adverse effects

No data available

### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product. Please ensure aerosol cans are sprayed completely empty

(including propellant)

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### International Regulations

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : UN 1950 Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Class 2.1

Not assigned by regulation Packing group

Labels 2.1 Environmentally hazardous yes

IATA-DGR

UN 1950 UN/ID No.

Proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

Class 2.1

Not assigned by regulation Packing group

Flammable Gas Labels

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 203

ger aircraft)

203

**IMDG-Code** 

**UN** number UN 1950 Proper shipping name **AEROSOLS** 

(Zinc, Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyl-

dimethyl, Et sulfates)

Class

Packing group Not assigned by regulation

Labels 2.1 **EmS Code** F-D, S-U Marine pollutant yes

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **Domestic regulation**

**TDG** 

UN 1950 **UN** number Proper shipping name **AEROSOLS** 

Class 2.1

Not assigned by regulation Packing group

Labels 2.1 ERG Code 126

Marine pollutant yes(Zinc, Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyl-

dimethyl, Et sulfates)

#### Special precautions for user

(VOC) content

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Canada - Volatile Organic Compound Concentration Limits for Volatile organic compounds

> Certain Products Regulations VOC content: 82.2 % / 669.5 g/l

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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DSL : This product contains one or several components that are not

on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

CA AB OEL : Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table

2: OEL)

CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL

CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safe-

ty, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for air-

borne contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL : 15-minute occupational exposure limit

CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average CA BC OEL / STEL : short-term exposure limit

CA QC OEL / TWAEV : Time-weighted average exposure value

CA QC OEL / STEV : Short-term exposure value

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization: ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan): ISO - International Organisation for Standardization: KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory: LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose): MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships: n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recom-

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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mendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

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Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date : 06/03/2024 Date format : mm/dd/yyyy

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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